# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JULY 12, 1786. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JULY 20, 1875. VOL. 89.—NO. 170.


## DAILY GAZETTE.

### THE LATEST NEWS.

*Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.*

—Thomas Jenkins, a shipbuilder of St. John's, N. B., has become insolvent.

—The tobacco factory of F. H. Schroeder, in St. Louis, was seized on Saturday for violation of the revenue laws.

—Ex-members of the New York Seventh Regiment are in San Francisco taking steps towards the organization of a club for social purposes.

—John Hochman, a stonecutter, died in the hospital at Cincinnati on Monday from the effects of sunstroke, which prostrated him last Saturday.

—Joseph Deputy, a switchman on the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad, was run over by a train at Cincinnati on Monday and cut in two, and died instantly.

—Secretary of War Belknap, Gen. Marcy and Gov. Wm. Myers arrived at Salt Lake on Monday evening, on their way to the Yellowstone and Upper Missouri.

—A slight fire in Granite Mill No. 1, at Fall River, Mass., on Monday morning, caused a panic, and in the rush out of operatives, one girl had a leg broken.

—A young lady, named Miss Ida Huff, was struck by lightning and instantly killed on Sunday afternoon, at the door of her father's residence in Mercer county, Ky. She had just stepped to the door to watch the gathering storm.

—James Guyan and Mrs. Sloan, while attempting to cross Brush creek, near Holden, Mo., last Saturday night, were thrown out of their buggy by striking a ledge of rocks and drowned. The bodies were found the next morning.

—The jury in the case of ex-Treasurer Parker, of South Carolina, rendered a verdict for the State in the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars. This is the first substantial result of the efforts in that State to bring official plunderers to justice.

—The yacht Effort, under sixteen tons, which left Fleetwood, England, May 29th, arrived at St. John's, N B., on Sunday. The voyage, forty-nine days, was remarkable for heavy weather. The crew consists of the captain, mate and two boys.

—Mrs. Dimmock, who attempted to shoot Dr. A. W. Thompson, at Northampton, Mass., was brought before a Judge, at Thompson's instigation, for committal to a lunatic hospital. Thompson's counsel announced, however, that he would not press the petition, and the woman was discharged.

—On Sunday night, at Wyandotte, Ks., as Peter Best, a tailor of that place, was entering a room over his store, he was knocked down by a negro, who tried to rifle his pockets, but Best, reviving, caught the negro, and he is now in jail. Best's skull was crushed and is in a critical condition.

### THE WEATHER.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE, PITTSBURGH, PA., July 19, 1875.

**Local Observations.**

| Time. | Bar. | Ther. | Humidt. | Wind. | Weather |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7 A. M. | 30.112 | 62 | 77 | N.E. | Fair. |
| 7 P. M. | 30.022 | 70 | 38 | E. | Fair. |
| 9 P. M. | 29.992 | 70 | 79 | N.E. | Fair. |

Mean Barometer, 30.032.
Mean Thermometer, 70.
Highest Thermometer, 79.
Lowest Thermometer, 57.

L. A. WELSH.
Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, 1 A. M., July 20, 1875.

**Probabilities for To-Day.**

For the lower lake region and Middle States, stationary to falling barometer, southeast winds, slightly warmer, partly cloudy weather, and possibly occasional rains northwest of the Alleghanies.

### THE MISSING BALLOONIST.

**Prof. Donaldson Reported to Have Alighted in Michigan, in an Exhausted Condition.**

DETROIT, Mich., June 19.—A special to the *Free Press* from Kalamazoo says that employes on the Kalamazoo and South Haven Railroad this afternoon bring in the report that Prof. Donaldson alighted between South Haven and Naughatuck on Sunday, in an exhausted condition, and that medical aid had been sent him from South Haven.

### MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

THE Vokes Family sailed for New York on Saturday, in the Russia.

THE sum of $1,500,000 was expended on public entertainments in Boston last year.

"COLONEL SELLERS" is in Paris. "Next year he'll go to Asia. They're waiting for him now."

OFFENBACH'S daughter was never allowed to see any of her father's operas till after her marriage.

MRS. ROUSBY will appear at Booth's Theatre in the coming Autumn, in a drama by Mr. Boucicault.

THE death is announced of Mrs. Pollock, for more than half a century lessee of the old Theatre Royal, at Aberdeen, Scotland.

SALVINI, it is said, will essay the *role of* Macbeth, supported by Miss Genevieve Ward, the young American tragedienne, who is attracting so much attention in Europe.

MISS ANNIE LOUISE CARY, who has been staying for several weeks at the residence of her sister, Mrs. J. C. Merrill, at Durnam, Me., will sail for Europe on August 1st, accompanied by her niece.

THE dramatic editor of the Paris *Figaro* informs his readers that, when Hamlet called Ophelia "a green girl," he meant simply that she was a *marchande de legumes*, or, in English, a seller of vegetables.

THE death list includes the name of Mr. George Ellis, the stage director for Charles Kean, at the London Princess' Theatre, in the days of Kean's great revivals of Shakespeare. He died on the 23d of June, at Brompton, age 65.

THE Park Theatre was sold at auction, on Monday week, and was purchased by Messrs. Michael Gross & Son, for $42,000, subject to a claim for $17,000, arrears of rent. The Park was opened in the Spring of last year, by Mr. Wm. Stuart, who produced Mr. Fetcher in a new play.

### STATE BREVITIES.

AN "insect" bit a lady at Reading while she was gathering parsley in the garden, and she died from the bite in four days. That insect was probably a snake hidden in the parsley bed.

THE wife and daughter of Wm. C. Derr were drowned in the canal near their residence below New Buffalo, Perry county, on the 16th inst. They attempted to cross the canal in a small boat, which upset, throwing them into the water, and before assistance could be rendered they were both drowned.

AN interesting battle of birds was witnessed at Lancaster, a few days ago. A young blackbird flew near a cat-bird's nest, when both the cat-birds attacked him, so disabling him that he was no longer able to fly. In this condition he half hopped, half flew down a street until he encountered a crowd of boys, who drove him into an office, where he was picked up by a gentleman and properly cared for.

THE notably large oil strikes thus far in July are the Jennings well, on Amos Steele farm, doing four hundred barrels; H. L. Taylor & Co.'s, on the Shakeley, doing a hundred and fifty; P. Schreiber's No. 11, on the McCafferty, two hundred and twenty barrels; Daniel Jenkins, on the Jenkins, a hundred and twenty barrels; and Harrington & Guffey's, on the Jacob Fry, eighty-five barrels.

MR. EUGENE WRIGHT, proprietor of a soap factory at Corry, committed suicide some time between Friday and Sunday evening. His whereabouts was discovered Sunday about 6:30 P. M. He was seated in a small room adjoining his office, his hands at his side, his left leg crossing the right and his head thrown back over the chair. In the forehead was a pistol shot wound and a streak of coagulated blood reached from the orifice of the wound over the top of the head, and thence to the floor, where was a pool and broad streak of blood extending forward on one side of the chair. On the floor was lying a Colt's cartridge, breach loading revolver, No. 4,829 of 36 caliber, which had been used to commit the fatal deed. On a table adjoicent was a collar, neck tie, a bottle of whisky and a tumbler. Mr. Wright lived in Corry a number of years, and was well known in Titusville and other points in the oil regions.

## FIRST EDITION.

### NEBRASKA.

**Some Objections Answered—The Timber Question—Fencing—Grasshoppers—Prairie—Drouths—Health—And Some of the Advantages—Position—Railroads—Schools—Roads—The Summing Up.**

NORTH PLATTE, July 10, 1875.

THE OBJECTIONS TO NEBRASKA.

In my last I gave a very brief statement of the quality of the various counties on the line of the Union Pacific Road. In this I propose to notice quite as briefly the objections that are urged against the State. The first and most common is

THE ABSENCE OF TIMBER.

This objection cannot be said to apply to Nebraska, for the State has timber, and a great deal of it, and what there is, is placed just where it is needed, and not where it ought not to be. The timber is on the streams, and while there is not enough for all uses, there is enough for fuel. Nebraska needs but little timber.

FENCING IS UNKNOWN,

and so all the need for timber is for fuel and building. Building lumber is brought into the State at a very low rate; and for fuel, they have coal at a cheaper rate than wood in the older States. And besides, in ten years there can be grown timber big enough for all the fencing and mending that may be needed. Fuel can be grown in five years in abundance. Now take the man who goes to "treeless Nebraska," and compare his situation with his own goes into the forest. The forest man has wood, but that is all. He has to chop, clear, burn, and grub, and then he is an old man before the stumps are gone sufficiently to make a decent farm. The Nebraska settler has his land all cleared. All he has to do is to put in the plow, and he takes off a crop the first year.

GRASSHOPPERS.

This is the most senseless of all the cries against the State. Nebraska has been afflicted with grasshoppers grievously, and may be again. But what country has not had them, or some trouble equally severe. Ohio has had weevil, the Hessian fly, and the potatoe bug. Wisconsin has the cutworm and cinch-bug, and at regular intervals every section has its pests. The grasshopper is going east; this year it is in Missouri—and Illinois and Indiana may get a visitation. Probably Nebraska will not be visited by them for twenty years. They never do damage the second year, and do not come regularly anywhere oftener than once in seven years. Nebraska, in respect to these pests of the farmer, has the cleanest record of any section of the Union. *The grasshopper raid produced the first failure of crops in that State in eighteen years.*

A FLAT PRAIRIE COUNTRY.

It is not a flat country—on the contrary, I know of no section that possesses the same diversity of landscape. It is a succession of beautiful valleys, with magnificent streams coursing through them, rising by regular branches to boundless plains. You can go so high up near Columbus that your eye will take in fifty miles of country at a glance. And this high land is just as good as bottoms, and always will be.

DROUTHS.

The State has less of this trouble than any of the agricultural States. The mean annual fall is less than in Illinois, but during the months of April, May, June, July, August and September, when rain is needed for crops, it exceeds Illinois. Crops have never been a total failure from drouth for eighteen years, and only once a partial failure in that time.

HEALTHY.

It is a very healthy State. There is pure water, delightful air, and perfect natural drainage. Fever and ague is unknown, consumptives improve rapidly, and the fiercer fevers are very rare. People will yet go to Nebraska for health.

SOME OF ITS ADVANTAGES.

In answering the objections sometimes urged by those ignorant of the State, I have stated some of its advantages, but by no means all. To begin with, its

GEOGRAPHICAL POSITION

in its favor. It lies midway between the two oceans, and in the center north and south. The tide of travel and trade from one ocean to the other must always roll over it, and pay tribute to it. Convenient to the grain-consuming cities of the East, it has the vast mining population of the West at its very doors. It has two markets to supply, and the farmer is always certain of quick markets and good prices. Then

ITS RAILROAD IS BUILT AND PAID FOR.

The Union Pacific, the great railroad of the world, and over which the whole world passes—runs through the entire State from east to west, and affords a certain, safe, and, all things considered, cheap, outlet for the products of the State. The road has made ample and liberal provisions for doing the business of the State promptly, economically, and well. Its stations are numerous, and so placed as to save the people all that is possible in the way of hauling, and its employes are under the strictest rules as regards accommodation and celerity of work. No road in the country is better managed. And it is all paid for. There are no bonds on which interest is to be paid by taxation, making a mortgage on every man's farm and labor—there are no town or county bonds to be faced—the road is clear and clean. The Iowa and Wisconsin farmer will appreciate this.

SCHOOLS

cost the settler nothing, for a certain portion of the public lands were originally set apart for school purposes, which endowment not only builds school houses, but maintains them after they are built. No State has better schools or more of them.

ROADS.

The soil of the State precludes the possibility of bad roads or expensive ones. The roads are good the year round, and require no especial expense to make or keep them in repair.

TO SUM IT ALL UP,

the settler in Nebraska can get the best lands on the continent for any price he chooses, from nothing up to $10 per acre, in the healthiest climate on the continent, with his roads, school-houses, and railroads all built, and everything ready to his hand. And these same lands ten years hence will be worth from $30 to $60 per acre.

In a series of short letters like these I cannot say all that I would or ought. But those desiring reliable information about Nebraska, will do well to send to O. F. Davis, Esq., Omaha, Nebraska, for a copy of the *Pioneer*, an illustrated paper that is full of information concerning the Government and railroad lands in that State. It contains maps of the lands, and full information, in detail, as to how to get to them, and how to get them, what is needed and will do well in the State, with a vast amount of other information. Copies of the *Pioneer* will be sent postage paid, free to any address. It will amply repay a perusal. P.

### Facts in Regard to the Present License Law.

*To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:*

*First*, It was enacted by a majority of the Legislators, influenced chiefly by the liquor dealers of Pittsburgh and Philadelphia.

*Second*, It was signed by the Governor, who had the power to veto it, as he has other bills which were Constitutional.

*Third*, The second section of the law says the Court of Quarter Sessions "*may*" grant licenses, "said Court shall fix a time at which application for said licenses may be heard, at which time all persons applying, or making *objections* to applications for licenses, may be heard by evidence, petition, remonstrance or counsel."

THE COURT,

then, is not compelled to grant any license. If the objections and remonstrances are valid, *all* may be refused. But Judge Ross, of an eastern district, and "the report from all parts of the State," affirm that "the number of licences to sell liquors has increased over fifteen per cent." Who is the cause of this? Not the voters in the forty-one counties who wished their Local Option Law continued. Their holding on to this prohibitionary measure did not repeal the former license law, when local option was not in the majority. To the Legislature, and the Governor, and the papers that advocated what they called a new "stringent license law," must be attributed the increased licenses for the sale of liquors, and the consequences.

The real facts of the case are, that if Local Option had prevailed all over the Commonwealth, (as Prohibition has, in some States,) there would have been a most gratifying abatement of the evil resulting from the sale of intoxicating drink as a beverage. It did great good in the forty-one counties. Some would then have been sold *without* license, as there is NOW SOME, notwithstanding the License law. All that Prohibitionists desire is a *fair* representation, and no "*non causa, pro causa*" reasoning, together with a full trial of *their* plan to save the country.

BLACKSTONE.

### A SALT COMBINATION.

**The Michigan Salt Sharps Concoct a Money Making Scheme and Make a Success of It.**

An East Saginaw (Mich.) special, of July 13th, says: "Quite an important meeting of salt manufacturers was held at Bay City this afternoon, having in view the formation of a combination of salt manufacturers, for the purpose of regulating the market. Of the fifty-four manufacturers on the river, twenty-eight firms, representing 800,000 barrels of salt, were present or represented. Thomas Cranage was called to the chair, and L. A. Barber chosen Secretary. A good portion of the afternoon was spent in discussion, and the meeting culminated in the presentation to it of articles of association, which were signed by all present. It is understood that the signatures are not binding unless the articles of the association are signed by all the manufacturers on the river. The practical result of the meeting is an agreement to form an association with a capital stock of $250,000. The stockholders are to be manufacturers and to be guaranteed ten per cent. on this investment. The policy of the Association is the leasing of every salt block on the river for a period of five years, the owners of the block to sub-let from the Association, subject to the conditions of the articles of association, thus throwing the entire manufacture into the hands of the company. No restrictions will be placed on the quantity of salt made. Advances are to be made on all salt as fast as required, after being placed in the hands of the officers appointed to receive and sell it. There will be no commissions except for expenses. All the officers, except the general agent, must be manufacturers. The meeting adjourned to meet at the Lumber Exchange, in this city, next Tuesday. Among those present at the meeting to-day were Mr. Barker, President of the Onondago Salt Company; F. P. Hale, Secretary of the Michigan Salt Valley Salt Company; R. R. Hudson, President of the Virginia and Ohio Salt Company; G. W. McQuigg, Secretary of the Ohio River Salt Company; J. H. Wasson, General Agent of the Ohio Salt Company."

### A VALUABLE PRESCRIPTION.

**Remedy for the Chronic Love of Strong Drink.**

We desire to draw popular attention to a prescription which has been printed by the *Scientific American*, which is said to have proved a practical and efficient remedy for the chronic love of strong drink. It is described as follows:

"There is a prescription in use in England for the cure of drunkenness, by which thousands are said to have been assisted in recovering themselves. The receipt came into notoriety through the efforts of John Vine Hall, commander of the Great Eastern steamship. He had fallen into such habitual drunkenness that his most earnest efforts to reclaim himself proved unavailing. At length he sought the advice of an eminent physician, who gave him a prescription,—which he followed faithfully for seven months, and at the end of that time had lost all desire for liquor, although he had for many years been led captive,—which he afterwards published, and by which so many drunkards have been assisted to reform, as follows: *'Sulphate of Zinc, five grains; peppermint-water, eleven drachms; spirit of nutmeg, one drachm; twice a day.'* This preparation acts as a stimulant and tonic, and partially supplies the place of the accustomed liquor, and prevents that absolute prostration and depression which follows a sudden breaking from the use of stimulating drinks."

We can scarcely conceive that the *Scientific American* would have printed this without being satisfied of its efficiency. We commend it, therefore, to the consideration of our physicians and friends. There are many men addicted to strong drink who are worthy objects of commiseration, lost beyond their own mental and moral powers for recuperation and reform. If there is anything in the world that can help them out of the slough of despond in which they find themselves, it is a blessing which ought to be disseminated.

**The Way to Judge of Wool on a Live Sheep.**

The finest and softest wool is always found on the shoulder of a sheep. But not one person in 10,000 is aware of this fact. Let us watch an expert when he is about to pass judgment on a sheep concerning the value of the animal for producing wool, and it will be seen that he always looks at the wool on the shoulder first. A writer of extensive experience in rearing fine-wooled sheep and in handling wool, communicates the following suggestions for selecting a good wooled sheep: "Always assuming that the wool to be inspected is really a fine wool, we first examine the shoulders at the part where the finest and best wool is usually found. This we take as the standard, and compare it with the wool from the ribs, the thigh, the rump and the shoulder parts, and the nearer the wool from the various portions of the animal approaches the standard the better. First we scrutinize the fineness, and if the result is satisfactory, we pronounce the fleece in respect of fineness very "even." Next we inquire into the length of the staple, and if we find that the wool on the ribs, thigh and back approximates reasonably in length to that of our standard, we again declare that sheep, as regards length of staple, true and even. We next desire to satisfy ourselves of the density of the fleece, and if we do this by closing the hand upon a portion of the rump, and of loin wool, the fleece at these points being usually the thinest and faulty, and if this again gives satisfaction, we signify the fact by designating the wool "even" as representing density. Now to summarize these separate examinations: If you find the fleece of equal fineness from the shoulder to the thigh, of nearly equal length shoulder, rib, thigh and back, and density on shoulder and across the loins, you may conclude that you have a perfect sheep for producing valuable wool. Selecting sheep for valuable feeders is quite another thing."—*Trade Journal.*

**Death of Lady Franklin.**

Lady Jane Franklin, whose death was announced Monday morning, was born about 1805, and was married in 1826 to Sir John Franklin. Her husband went, in 1836, to Van Dieman's Land as Governor, and thither she accompanied him. In 1845 he set off on his famous Arctic expedition in the Erebus and Terror. Two years passed and no tidings of him had been received. Then it was that Lady Franklin's name came first prominently before the public. In the spring of 1848 she offered large rewards to any persons discovering or affording relief to the missing party. Her exertions were continued year after year until 1857, when Capt. McClintock brought home proof that Franklin must have died as far back as June 11, 1847. Lady Franklin's interest in Northern explorations did not cease with this discovery. Even the expedition that has just left England found in her a warm and generous supporter.

**Native Copper.**

So many interesting things are to be sent to the Centennial Exhibition that it is perhaps well to notice some of them in advance. There was recently exhibited in St. Louis a mass of native copper which is to be sent there next year. It was taken from a mine on Isle Royal, Lake Superior, and weighs 6,000 pounds. The specimen exhibits the pure copper to the eye, and contains 98 per cent. of the metal. It was taken from an ancient mine, and when found it had evidently been detached from its bed by ancient miners. Stone hammers were found in the vicinity, together with smaller pieces of copper, and they had probably belonged to a race living in the West before the present Indian races.

**Death From a Rooster Kick.**

The Gadsden (Ala.) *Times* says: "On Thursday a child of Mr. A. Mangley, who lives two miles from town, while playing in the yard, was attacked by a rooster and was knocked down and spurred several times in the face and head before the mother could rescue it. Dr. Ewing, who was called in, found that one stroke of the spur had penetrated the brain. The little sufferer—eighteen months old—lingered in great agony until Saturday morning, when death came to its relief. Dr. Ewing says that during a practice of over twenty years he never met with or heard of such a case before, and it is perhaps the first in the history of the world.

## SECOND EDITION

### FOREIGN NEWS.

Another Victory for the American Riflemen.

Fulton Wins the St. Leger Sweepstakes.

Col. Gildersleeve Also Takes a Prize.

*A Parliamentary Shooting Match.*

The Rebellion in Herzegovina Spreading.

GREAT BRITAIN.

**The Shooting Matches.**

LONDON, July 19.—The ties of Saturday, at Wimbledon for the St. Leger sweepstakes were shot off to-day. Fulton of the Americans won, Mitchell second, John Rigby third.

The shooting for the Albert prizes is taking place to-day at Wimbledon. The ranges are 200, 600 and 900 yards. The shooting at the first two ranges is finished, and the scores show Gildersleeve two points ahead, having made sixty-eight out of a possible seventy. At the first range, Gildersleeve, Fulton and Coleman, of the Americans, each made thirty-four out of a possible thirty-five, while Hamilton, Petty, Wyatt, Greenhill and Rigby, the latter two of the Irish eight, made thirty-five points. At the second range only Greenhill and Rigby maintained close competition with the Americans, scoring thirty-two points each.

In the match for the Rifle Association cup, in which each man has ten shots, at 600 yards range, Coleman scored forty-nine out of a possible fifty, leading the large number of competitors. Gildersleeve made forty-eight. The excellency of the American marksmanship causes astonishment.

**The Albert Prizes.**

The contest for the Albert prizes was finished this afternoon, Sir Henry Halford won the first prize, scoring 98 out of a possible 105, and Col. Gildersleeve took the second prize, with a score of 92.

**The Elcho Shield.**

LONDON, July 19.—The American riflemen say that they do not concur in the petition to the Council by the Captains of the English, Irish and Scotch teams for permission for them to shoot at the same time with the Elcho Shield competition, and that they will not compete in that match.

**The Lords Beaten.**

The shooting match at Wimbledon between members of the House of Lords and House of Commons was won by the latter. The range was 500 yards. The Commons made 313 points, against 220 made by the Lords, out of a possible total of 375. The following are the individual scores, the highest possible being 75: Commons—Randle Plantket, 67; Daniel Peploe, 64; Arthur Vivian, 64; Marquis of Lorne, 61; Robert Lindsay, 73—total 313. Lords—Earl Ferrers, 62; Duke Marlborough, 55; Lord Waldegrave, 42; Earl Bunraven, 39; Lord Wharncliffe, 35—total, 220.

**House of Commons.**

LONDON, July 19.—In the House of Commons to-night Mr. Disraeli stated that the Government would proceed with the Agricultural, the Merchant Shipping, the Judicature and the Land Transfer bills. He declined to say what disposition would be made of other measures. He hoped, with the assistance of the House, to bring their labors to a close at a reasonable and satisfactory period.

Much dissatisfaction is expressed at the Premier's indefiniteness.

**Lord Mayors' International Banquet.**

Of the functionaries invited to the Lord Mayors' international banquet, the following have signified their acceptance. The Prefect of the Seine, the Mayor of Calais, and of the police of Paris; the Mayors of Calais, Bordeaux, Geneva, Rome, Turin, Florence, Christiana, Boston and Quebec, and the Burgomasters of Brussels, Antwerp and Amsterdam. Seventeen have not yet answered, and twenty-two have declined, including all the Germans invited.

**The Americans Excluded From Shooting for the Elcho Shield.**

LONDON, July 19.—The question of the admission of the Americans to competition for the Elcho Shield has been finally decided in the negative. A London paper explains that the team left New York with instructions to shoot a team match only with the Irish. Moreover, the team is just now crippled by the illness of one of its members, who is an excellent shot. Col. Gildersleeve, however, is anxious to make a match with a team representing the United Kingdom, to be shot in the United States next year.

TURKEY.

**The Rebellion in Herzegovina.**

LONDON, July 19.—The disturbances in Herzegovina are believed to be serious. The commissioners sent by the Porte to tranquilize the country have reported by telegraph that they are unsuccessful. The whole district between Mostar and the Austrian frontier down nearly as far as Ragusa is in a state of revolt, and the insurgents threaten death to all who refuse to join them. The commissioners advise the Porte to send troops forthwith.

GERMANY.

**The Elections in Bavaria.**

BERLIN, July 19.—Returns of the Bavarian elections indicate that the Electoral College will consist of seventy-seven Liberals and seventy-nine Ultramontanes.

### THE UTAH MASSACRE.

**The Trial of the Alleged Murderers—Lee's Statement Only a Partial Account—Complaints Against Important Witnesses.**

BEAVER, UTAH, July 19.—It is stated this morning on the best authority that the prosecution will not accept Lee's statement, as they expect to prove more by witnesses already here, some of whom participated in the massacre, than he confesses. R. N. Baskin arrived last night, and will take an active part in the prosecution. In the Court, this morning, the names of one hundred and seven witnesses were summoned for the people were called. Not more than half being present, Lee's counsel asked a continuance till to-morrow, when they promised to be ready without fail.

There have been complaints made against several of the most important witnesses for the prosecution in the Lee case, charging them before the Justice of the Peace with complicity in the murders at Mountain Meadow, and on other grounds. Marshal Maxwell has issued orders to his deputies not to allow a witness to be arrested and taken out of the county, and to protect them with the force of arms, if necessary.

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 19, 1875.

**Ten Years in the State Prison.**

In the Court of General Sessions, Thomas Spratt, who threw his wife out of a three story window, was sentenced to ten years in the State prison, notwithstanding both man and wife denied the assault.

**Professor Marsh's Charges.**

The special commission appointed to investigate Prof. Marsh's charges in relation to Indian frauds met this evening in the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The commission consists of Messrs. Faulkner, M. C., of West Virginia; Harris, M. C., of Massachusetts, and Fletcher, M. C., and at one time the Governor of the State of Missouri. The meeting was strictly private, but was organized by electing Governor Fletcher chairman. Professor Marsh and Indian Commissioner E. P. Smith appeared before the body, accompanied by General Fisk, chairman of the Board of Indian Commissioners. Mr. Marsh presented his charges in pamphlet form, which have already been printed. The investigation will take place at the Red Cloud Agency. The committee will meet again to-morrow morning and endeavor to settle on a plan of conducting the investigation.

**The Crops in Dakota Territory.**

YANKTON, D. T., July 19.—The cutting of barley and wheat will commence in earnest this week, and the crops will be exceedingly heavy and abundant. A large amount of rain has fallen during the season, and the grasshoppers have done no injury. The yield of wheat will be fully twenty-five bushels to the acre, or about seven millions bushels in the Territory. This will be over one hundred and fifty bushels to each inhabitant. The oats and corn crops are also large, and promise finely, as well as potatoes and other vegetables.

**The Louisville Defalcation.**

LOUISVILLE, July 19.—The revenue officers completed to-night their investigation of the Collector's office, and report the defalcation to be $82,90116. It is their opinion that Jackson has been stealing for several years, but that the bulk of the money was taken during last February. No trace of how he disposed of the stolen money has been discovered.

**Natural Gas in Ohio.**

CINCINNATI, July 19.—The *Enquirer's* Portsmouth (Ohio) special says: Parties at Sciotaville, six miles from that city, struck a vein of gas to-day at a depth of one thousand and thirty-five feet. The gas has been burning all day to a height of fifteen feet, and it is thought enough can be obtained from the well to supply the city of Portsmouth.

### FROM WASHINGTON.

District Attorney Fisher to Retain His Office.

**Council Between the Special Sioux Commission and Indians.**

WASHINGTON, July 19, 1875.

The following dispatches were received at the Indian Bureau this morning from Rev. S. D. Hinman, of the special Sioux Commission:

"RED CLOUD AGENCY, July 15.—We met the Brules and Ogallos in council today. They desire a general council to be held at Shadron Creek, midway between the Spotted Tail and Red Cloud agencies, on September 1st, and positively refuse to go to the Missouri river. They will aid in bringing in the Northern Sioux and Cheyennes. We have assented to the place and time designated by them, subject to your approval.

"CAMP ON SHADRON, July 19.—The young chief Afraid-of-His-Horses, with fifty of his best men, has gone to bring in the Northern Sioux. Red Dog and others accompany us to the Missouri, to influence the Indians there."

**The District Attorneyship.**

The *Evening Mail* learns on what it regards as good authority that the President has recalled his request for the resignation of Judge Fisher as United States Attorney for the District of Columbia. It is admitted that objections exist in regard to the personnel of the office, but Judge Fisher proposes to remove all ground of complaint by a complete reorganization and the appointment of an assistant or assistants who shall be entirely acceptable to the public.

### SEASONABLE SPORTS.

**Rowing Regatta on Lake Pontchartrain, La.**

NEW ORLEANS, July 19.—The rowing regatta at Milneburg, Lake Pontchartrain, was a great success. Fifteen thousand persons witnessed the race. The single scull shell race was won by Henry C. Cheeves, of Charleston, by three lengths; R. Musgrove, of the St. John Club, second; Owen Reilly, of New Orleans, third; P. G. Gillen, of New Orleans, fourth; M. Dallas, of Southerns, fifth, L. W. Perkins, of St. John Club, sixth.

The pair-oared shell race was won by the St. John Club, Chas. F. Howard Club second, Pelican third.

The four-oared gig race was won by the Riversides by six lengths, Hope second, Howards third, Southerns fourth, Orleans fifth, St. John sixth.

The four-oared shell race was won by the Riversides, Charlestons second, Orleans third, Hope fourth, Howards fifth, Pelican sixth, St. John seventh—won by six lengths.

SUMMARY.

Single scull shell, half mile and return, time 9 minutes 45½ seconds.

Pair oared shells, three-quarters mile and return, 11 minutes 44 seconds.

Four-oared gig, one mile and return, 14 minutes 83½ seconds.

Four-oared shell race, mile and return, time 14 minutes.

**Base Ball.**

BOSTON, July 19.—Bostons, 7; St. Louis Browns, 2.

NEW HAVEN, July 19.—Chicagos, 4; New Havens, 1.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Philadelphias, 7; Mutuals, 5.

### THE WHISKY FRAUDS.

**Additional Indictments in St Louis.**

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—The following persons were indicted in connection with the alleged whisky frauds before the United States District Court to-day:

Gen. Jno. McDonald, late Supervisor of this District, and Col. Jno. A. Joyce, late Revenue Agent, charged with receiving unlawful fees and for violation of duties and powers. The defendants waived a formal arraignment and plead not guilty. The bonds were fixed at $5,000 each.

Rudolph Aulrich[illegible] stamps and bonds from empty casks, and for carrying on a distillery without giving a bond. Arraignment waived and pleaded not guilty. Personal recognizance, $3,000.

W. Forster, D. A. West and Wm. Hunicke, for removal, concealment, &c., of spirits, and not effacing stamps. Arraignment waived, and pleaded not guilty. Recognizance $5,000 each.

Louis Kellerman, for fraudulently executing documents required by the revenue laws. Arraignment waived and plead not guilty; personal recognizance, $1,000.

B. A. Engelke and Jno. L. Bernecker, for not effacing stamps. Arraignment waived, and plead not guilty; personal recognizance $5,000 each.

**The Trial of Waddy Thompson.**

MEMPHIS, July 19.—Waddy Thompson was brought before Judge Flippen, of the Criminal Court, to-day, and the counsel agreeing, his trial will commence to-morrow. He is under six indictments, three for horse stealing, one for an attempt to commit larceny, and two for perjury. Being the lessee of the Missouri Penitentiary, and having figured so extensively in the recent *habeas corpus* cases in Missouri to prevent being brought here for trial, and having forfeited a bond of $10,000, the case excites considerable interest. Thompson was sent to jail.

### DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA INS. CO., No. 8 SIXTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 13, 1875.

☞ THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO (2) DOLLARS per share (4 per cent.) on the capital stock, payable forthwith.

THOS. D. KELLER, Secretary.

wfm

☞ DIVIDEND.—THE MANAGERS of the EWALT STREET RAILROAD CO. have declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS per share, payable at No. 406 Penn avenue, on and after July 26, 1875.

CHRISTIAN SIEBERT, 167 Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO. PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1875.

☞ DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. ($4.00 per share) out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on demand.

JOS. F. JOHNSTON Secretary. 131

### MEETINGS.

☞ NOTICE.

TRUSTEES' OFFICE NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. COMPANY, 23 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, July 10, 1875.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the holders of the first mortgage bonds of the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. CO. will be held at 23 Fifth avenue, New York, THURSDAY, July 29, 1875, at noon, for the purpose of acting upon the confirmation of the appointment of CHARLEMAGNE TOWER, as trustee under the general mortgage of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, as successor to WM. B. OGDEN, trustee, resigned, which said appointment has been duly made by the continuing trustee.

By direction of the continuing Trustee,

A. B. NETTLETON, Trustees' Agent.

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HEADQUARTERS ALLEGHENY COUNTY REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, LINCOLN CLUB ROOMS, PITTSBURGH, July 16, 1875.

☞ A MEETING OF THIS COMMITTEE will be held at headquarters on

TUESDAY, JULY 20th, 1875,

AT 2:30 P. M.

A full attendance is requested.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Chairman.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**TAX PAYERS**

TAKE NOTICE.

**"Our New System"**

Makes Tax Paying Easy.

CITY—Men's Hemmed Handkerchiefs.....11c
Paper Collars.....11c
4 Linen Handkerchiefs for.....25c
BUSINESS—Mens' Fancy Shirts.....$1.10
Ladies' 2 button Kid Gloves.....98c
Ladies' Silk Ties.....19c
WATER—Proof Umbrellas.....$1.23
Silk Fans.....33c
WARD—Leather Belts.....24c
Fan Chains.....10c
SCHOOL—Boy's Fancy Silk Hose.....13c
TOTAL—200 yards Spool Cotton.....3c
280 (1 Paper) Pins.....5c
DISCOUNT—10 to 33 per cent. saved.
Try It.

**RETAILING FOR CASH**

AT WHOLESALE PRICES

Gives universal satisfaction to city and country, and I will continue it after the 31st of August.

Try It.

**J. D. CARLISLE,**

37 FIFTH AVENUE.

**Are You Going to Chautauqua?**

Now is your time to avail yourself of a cheap ride through the beautiful "Allegheny Valley" to the famous summer resort,

LAKE CHAUTAUQUA.

The Allegheny Valley Railroad has made a reduction in rates—only $5.00 for the round trip, good to return until July 26th inclusive (during the encampment of the Duquesne Grays at that place). Steamers leaving Mayville on the arrival of trains, afford facilities for reaching all the hotels on the Lake.

Apply for tickets at Union Depot, or 78 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DAVID MCCARGO, General Superintendent.

J. MORTON HALL, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent. 172

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHECKERED FRONT.

The House that Sells the Great

**WHITE RIVER FLOUR,**

The Best Flour

For the Money in the United States.

FULL AND COMPLETE LINE

**GROCERIES.**

**Pittsburgh Female College**

AND

**Pittsburgh Conservatory of Music.**

Elegant Buildings. Twenty-eight Teachers. Charges to suit the times, and less than any School in the United States affording equal advantages and accommodations. Fall Term opens SEPT. 8TH. Send to REV. J. C. PERSHING, D. D., Pittsburgh, Pa., for a circular. THS

PENNSYLVANIA

**MILITARY ACADEMY,**

*COL. THEO. HYATT,*

President of this Academy will be at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE, Pittsburgh, on the 22ND INST., between 10 A. M. and 1 P. M., and will be happy to see patrons of the Academy and others on official business. 178

AN ORDINANCE—Establishing and regulating the grade of Liberty or Thirteenth streets, from Main street to the Allegheny river.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Sharpsburg, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That Liberty or Thirteenth street shall have a descending grade from the north curb of Main street 5.50 feet to 5.00 feet for a distance of 280 feet; thence 10 feet per 100 feet to the Allegheny river.

SEC. 2. That so much of any Ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 6th day of July, A. D. 1875.

H. J. WAIGHT, Burgess.

Attest—JAMES SCOTT, Secretary. 180

AN ORDINANCE—To grade and pave North Canal street, from Thirteenth street to the Borough line.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Sharpsburg, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the cart way of North Canal street, from Thirteenth street, be graded and paved, and the south side of North Canal be curbed to the eastern line of the borough.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expense of

# DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING.....N. P. REED.
T. P. HOUSTON.....D. L. FLEMING.
GEO. W. REED.

KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

*OFFICIAL PAPER*
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1875.

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KING, REED & CO.

TUESDAY, JULY 20 1875.


## Republican State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN F. HARTRANFT.
FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY HAWLE.

### REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
RICHARD H. FIFE.
FOR CONTROLLER,
HENRY WARNER.
FOR RECORDER,
RALPH J. RICHARDSON.
FOR REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WM. H. MCCLEARY.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JOHN MCCLELLAND,
AUGUSTUS BECKERT.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JAMES W. BELL.

BONDS at Frankfort 98⅞.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 28½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 114.

SOME of the manufacturers of Canada have held a meeting and agreed to participate in our Centennial.

THE Democratic symptoms of the fatal disease known as "Thirdterm," are again becoming alarmingly prevalent. Hydrophobia is nothing to compare with it, for malignancy, even in the dog days.

THE American "team" of riflemen are still holding their own. In the latest contest, for the St. Leger Sweepstakes at Wimbledon, and the Albert prizes, our men carried off the palm, as usual, creating the greatest astonishment at their accuracy.

A FEW more bales of the new cotton crop have reached New Orleans, to the surprise of everybody, as it was generally thought none of it would be ready before the 1st of August. From this on the arrivals will increase, which will have a marked effect upon trade. The cotton crop this year will be the largest for twenty years.

THE Philadelphia *Press* announces that in addition to the American and Red Star lines to Europe, that city is about having established a new line of steamships to Rotterdam, and also one of clipper ships to San Francisco. We are glad to notice this new evidence of thrift, enterprise and prosperity on the part of our Quaker City friends.

JOHN MORRISSEY is considered by the Philadelphia *Times* a shrewd guesser at politics, and usually wages his money on the winning candidate, as well as the winning horse. His latest predictions are that Washburne will be the Republican nominee, and that Tilden and Bayard will lead Democracy. John does not tell us who will win in the coming race.

THE Spanish authorities in Cuba are again getting into hot water by the seizure of a British schooner, said to have been laden with contraband goods. The latest affair may lead to the threatened intervention, which doubtless only awaits a proper occasion. The Insurgents are reported as having recently made two important attacks, capturing the forts with all their garrisons.

SINCE Ex-Governor Bigler has signified his willingness to be placed upon the Democratic altar for sacrifice, the unterrified in this community, with a singular unanimity, appear to be resigned, and all talk of other possible or impossible candidates has ceased. Let us have Bigler; we prefer him as the Democratic standard bearer to all others. He will be gently reminded of the ground-swell of 1854.

THE Cincinnati *Commercial*, after a careful review of the political situation, has come to the decided conclusion that a Republican victory in Ohio this time is a certainty—and that the majority for Hayes will be handsome and emphatic, larger than he received on former occasions, and sufficient to pronounce the doom in the Nation forever of the sort of Democracy that is now asserting itself in that State.

ONLY twelve thousand "hard fisted sons of toil" met with Bradlaugh and the Liberals the other night, in Trafalgar Square, in London, to remonstrate against the appropriation of $700,000 to defray the expenses of the Queen's oldest son on his trip to India. Parliament did not hear them, evidently, as the sum was promptly voted. The dispatches at the time announced the meeting a failure. Well, if twelve thousand of an audience is a failure, we wonder what number would be called a success in that country?

THERE is much solid truth in the assertion, we have seen somewhere, that the people must change their extravagant habits of dress and living, must earn more than they spend, and pay as they go, before the times will grow any better. There is nothing now wanting to bring about a better state of affairs in business than rigid economy, and a reduction of expenses until they are brought down below the reduced incomes. In the last few years the growth of extravagance has been alarming, and it will require an effort, and some sacrifice, no doubt, to adapt our wants to the new order of things, but it must be done before we can have better times.

JUDGE KELLY—who has been charged with being an inflationist and traduced by the hard money-seekers of Wall street—in a letter, denies that he is such, and insists that those who have been misrepresenting him are the real inflationists, and for this reason he opposes them and their theories of finance. The country must acknowledge itself mistaken in this matter, take a sudden about-turn, whereby those who have been for inflation can now argue the other way, while those who have been shrieking for specie resumption must find their real purpose carried out by an unlimited issue of greenbacks. The Judge, in other words, has started the old question anew, "Where are we now?" Possibly he can answer it.

IF ANY Republican thinks of voting the Democratic ticket through a notion that the success of that party might bring about a reform, we ask him to read the record made by Democracy wherever they have gained power. As a fair example of this we take the following from the Cincinnati *Commercial*, which is not a Republican paper, and is therefore properly considered competent authority. It says:

"With the record of the last General Assembly of Ohio and the municipal administration of Cincinnati before the people, the effort to associate the Democratic party with ideas of reform becomes ludicrous and contemptible. The Legislature was, and the City Government is, Democratic, and both are disgraced by flagrant and notorious briberies, pilferings and systematic corruption."

We could give much more of the same sort, but surely this is enough.

THE advance in the price of wheat, in the Chicago market, since May, is twenty cents per bushel, and it is still held firmly. The recent reports from Europe of the failure of the crops in many parts, along with the loss from the disastrous floods in France and Hungary, give color to the belief that the rise is a permanent and not a speculative one, although the shrewdest operators are unable to decide this point. The advance had its origin in a speculative demand; but it appears to have outlived this, and run ahead of the views and expectations of the leading operators. The rise in price is tending to unlock the granaries and elevators, as we notice large movements eastward, of wheat particularly.

Now that the Cincinnati *Commercial* has begun such an active, vigorous and effective fight against the success of the Democratic party, their organs are attempting to ward off its severe and telling blows by attacks upon the personnel of its conductors. This will not avail; personal vindicative charges will not help the matter. They will not tend to quiet the *Commercial*, nor will they answer its logical arguments. From all parts we learn that Democracy is thoroughly out of tune, like an old, unused fiddle, and the players who attempt to make music out of it are no better than the instrument itself. The fact is, when they cease to denounce Union and the "Nigger," their material is all run out. They cannot rise above such tirades.

SENATOR THURMAN, seeing the handwriting on the wall, enters into an apology for his party in Ohio. He expressly states that there are serious errors in the platform of that party, and admits that "Democratic defeat, in the approaching State election, is simply suicidal." He thinks Ohio and Pennsylvania must be carried this Fall, no matter how much divided the party is on important issues, in order that Mr. Thurman, or somebody else, may ride into the Presidential office next year. If defeated now he gives up all hopes of electing a Democratic President in 1876. Therefore, he argues—when the loaves and fishes are at stake—true Democracy goes it blind on all questions, and swallows the ticket like its whisky,—straight.

SECRETARY DELANO and Indian Commissioner Smith are certainly entitled to a hearing on the charges of fraud and irregularities made against their Department; and those papers which now are so prompt to condemn, may change their tune after the result of a fair and full investigation is had. The law does, and public opinion should, hold a man innocent until proven guilty; and as an impartial committee have been appointed to examine and report on the alleged charges, judgment should be withheld until they are heard from. We are not of those who believe that abuses will not be found in the Indian Department, but we shall await full proof of the fact before calling for the remedy of dismissal.

WE HAVE all along been thinking, in common with the bulk of our people, that the Centennial Exhibition, next year, at Philadelphia, was designed as a celebration of our one hundredth anniversary as a nation, or—as that word is unpleasant to State Rights' Democrats, who don't believe we are a nation—we probably ought to say, in commemoration of the Centennial of our Independence from Britain. To this end, the best fabrics produced by our machinery, the skill of our artisans and the work of our scientists, the products of the soil, and specimens of all else that go to prove us a great, intelligent, and enlightened people, will be gathered there, to convince the world of the vast progress we have made in one hundred years. But it seems in this we were all wrong; as, according to Nathan Appleton, of Boston, who recently made a speech in London, at a dinner party, "the principal object of the Centennial Exhibition was that of union between the Northern and the Southern States." "Go a way from home to learn the news." It appears to us that this matter of a Union of all States in one compact nationality, was settled at Appomattox ten years ago, and any State, either North or South, still clinging to the ragged edge of State sovereignty as paramount to national union, is to be pitied, but not "exposed" at the great Centennial Fair of 1876. General Preston, a short time ago, in his Southern speech to a Southern audience, we admit, did express his derision of the term the "American Nation," and stated, at the same time, his belief that we are no nation, only a confederacy; but while we have, here and there, a Southern leader who is bold enough to express his convictions openly, we cannot find in that fact a proof that the National Union needs a Centennial demonstration to strengthen it. If we are not a united nation in the hearts of the people now, next year's celebration will not make us one.

### LADY JANE FRANKLIN.

The cable yesterday announced briefly that Lady Jane Franklin had ended her earthly career, doubtless joining in the better land the long lost companion for whose rescue from the regions of perpetual snow her many efforts had been made. The pertinacity with which she clung, through so many years, to the one idea of her life, that of finding the traces or the remains of Sir John, supposed to have been lost in the Arctic seas, appealed to the sympathies of the whole world, and enlisted in similar efforts the services of governments and people. The last hope, expressed by the good lady was, that God might spare her life until the return of the expedition, at present charged with the important trust of still further searching for the long-lost navigators. It was her fond hope and trust that the remains of her husband and his brave crew perhaps, would be brought back to England on the return of the present expedition. In this hope she died, holding on to the faith and belief that the land of their birth would yet become the earthly abiding place of the remains of the lost crew.

The death of Lady Franklin recalls many of the heroes, who have been, throughout the past thirty years, risking their health and their lives in the vain search for traces of Sir John's expedition into the Arctic regions. Stimulated by a proper desire, which looked to the possible rescue of the crew which sailed in search of the open Polar Sea, many expeditions have started on the perilous voyage among the icebergs and the deceptive glaciers of the far North, only to demonstrate that new sacrifices were necessary, and intense suffering must be borne with little hope of the success looked for. We doubt much whether enough has been discovered, beyond the fact that the death of Sir John and his associates has been verified, to repay the expense and the suffering endured by the crews who have gone among the Arctic snows, and surely the sacrifice of a brave life like that of Elisha Kent Kane is a matter of sincere regret, not alone to his own countrymen. That it should have been given in the effort to rescue a fellow man, is a matter which claims our praise; but now that the death of Sir John is a verified fact, where is the necessity for further victims? So long as Lady Franklin lived, encouragement was given for further search for traces of the lost ship and her fearless crew, in the hope that a complete history of their fatal voyage might be given; but now that she is dead, the seeming necessity for this is past.

Lady Franklin was a very remarkable woman in many ways, and in no way did she exhibit to the world her true womanly virtues more than in her unresting hope and untiring effort for the recovery of her lost husband. She was the daughter of John Griffin, Esq., F. S. A., was of French Huguenot descent on her mother's side, and at the time of her death was aged about seventy-five years. She married Sir John in 1828, and lived happily with him, enjoying the distinguished honors lavished upon him for his scientific discoveries, until he sailed on the unfortunate expedition in 1845, from which he never returned. Since then, and down to her latest breath, she continued the effort to discover traces of the lost crew, expending all her large fortune, and urging new expeditions in search of the missing ships, Erebus and Terror.

The devotion and perseverance with which she has clung to this darling hope illustrate the leading characteristics of her long and useful life, and have secured for her a name that is world-wide. Her affection for her lost husband, and her efforts in behalf of the discovery and possible rescue of the missing crew, remained through long years the leading inspiration of her life, and has made her name a household word throughout Christendom.

## POLITICAL NOTES.

THE Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton and Gov. Allen open the Ohio Democratic campaign at Gallipolis this evening.

ONE MORE: Governor Beadle, Democratic Governor of New Jersey, has transferred his capital to Long Branch. And yet no howl from the newspapers.

MORE TREASON. Governor Tilden adds to the atrocious crime of going to Long Branch the frightful outrages of executing official papers there. But it is recorded.

IT seems to be generally conceded that Bigler's consent to run is equivalent to his nomination by the Democrats of Pennsylvania. But that is a far more important affair now than it will be next Christmas, when Bigler will be littler.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

IF thirteen reasons why the Republicans will carry Ohio this Fall are not enough, we will give two additional points:

1. There are more Republicans than Democrats—or, rather, more citizens who prefer the Republican to the Democratic party—in Ohio at this time.

2. The Republicans of Ohio propose to vote next Fall.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

THE fifty or sixty thousand Republicans in Ohio, who for one reason or another have failed to vote for the last two years, will not stay at home this year. This prediction we feel ourselves authorized in making. The whole State, from one end to the other, is disgusted with Democratic management, Democratic Legislatures, Democratic Geghan bills, Democratic Potter enactments, Democratic Wood County investigations, Democratic economizing. Allen has had his day.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

LOUISVILLE disputes the claim of St. Louis for the next National Democratic Convention. The *Courier-Journal* says: "St. Louis already puts in a bid for the next National Democratic Convention. Not if Louisville knows herself, and she thinks she does, for we have special claims in that quarter. This city is on the border. It has better hotel accommodations than St. Louis. It is more central and accessible. It has a hall capable of seating 20,000 people. St. Louis will have to stand aside or walk over the dead body of Louisville. As a matter of fact we have set our heart on that Convention, and mean to have it."

## PERSONAL.

DARWIN'S income is $20,000 a year.

CARDINAL MCCLOSKEY is going to Rome to have his mouth opened.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

MRS. EVA JOYCE, of Oswego, has sued Mr. Albert Quonce for $1,000, for attempting to kiss her.

AS MR. BEECHER has just entered upon a three months' vacation, his remuneration for actual services rendered will be over $11,000 per month, or about $370 per diem.

POSTMASTER JEWELL loves his weed, but as he has issued an order to his subordinates that there shall be no smoking during office hours, he closely adheres to it himself.

JONATHAN ROWLAND, ninety-four years of age, and a brave soldier of the war of 1812, died at Rockaway, New York, on the 12th. He was on the lines with Scott, Gaines and Ripley.

A PRELIMINARY meeting was held a few days ago at Marshall, Tex., to raise a fund for the purpose of giving Mr. Jefferson Davis a Texan home and a competence for his declining years.

FROM Long Branch comes a rumor that Governor Tilden is engaged to marry a widow. There goes his reputation as a ring-smasher. The wedding ring is the strongest and most secret connected with American politics.

AMONG the many names mentioned for President of the Indiana State University are those of Dr. Hayes, President of Washington College, Pennsylvania, and Professor P. White, editor of the *Ohio School Journal*, and formerly State Superintendent of Public Instruction of that State.

THE Hon. Montgomery Blair was the only one of the Blair family who attended the funeral of General Frank Blair, in St. Louis. The father and mother of the Blairs are at present at their home at Silver Springs, and were too feeble to bear the fatigue of a journey to Missouri.

PROF. AGASSIZ has not given up completely his father's plans as embodied in the school on Penikese Island. It is not probable that the school will ever be opened again on its present site, but there is a strong probability that a similar institution will be established on the mainland within a year or two.

## ITEMS OF INTEREST.

WESTERN TEXAS wants to be made a separate State, with San Antonia as a capital.

CALIFORNIA devotes 30,000 acres to grape growing, comprising 30,000,000 vines.

AT Bangor, Me., George Medway killed his wife on Sunday. They had been separated.

THE silver ore at Old Orchard Beach, Me., has been explored to the depth of twenty-five feet. The assayer's report is $1,500 to the ton.

IN 1841 the population of Ireland was 8,171,124; in 1871, 5,412,377. In the last census there were 724 persons returned as over 100 years of age.

THE Catholic benevolent societies of the District of Columbia met last Friday to make arrangements for celebrating the centennial of Daniel O'Connell.

THE people living along Rifle River, Mich., have discovered silver deposits on their farms, and nobody gets any sleep there now, such is the excitement.

DURING a quarrel among some drunken negroes in a saloon in New York, on Sunday, one man was killed, another fatally wounded and two or three badly cut.

THE Book Sellers' Exchange and Clearing House, or book fair, opened in New York on Monday. There were few visitors, and it has not yet been settled how long the fair shall remain open.

RICHARD GRANT WHITE says: "I have remarked one fact which I have never seen recorded, and which on mentioning it to accountant and teachers, I have found to be new to them, to my surprise, that the combinations of 9 always produce figures which are either 9 or the sum of which is 9. Thus: 9, 18, 27, 45, 54, 63, 72, 81, 90, 99, 108, 117, 126, and so forth. The reason of this remarkable fact I do not pretend or hope to under stand: but it is none the less a safe guide.

CHILDREN are children as kittens are kittens. A sober, sensible old cat, that sits purring before the fire, does not trouble herself because her kitten is hurrying and dashing here and there, in a fever of excitement to catch its own tail. She sits still and purs on. People should do the same with children. One of the difficulties of home education is the impossibility of making parents keep still; it is with them, out of their affection, all watch and worry.—*Memoir of C. W. Dilke.*

THE system of touting, so long prevalent upon the turf, is about to be put down by the English Jockey Club. Touting consists in watching the private trials instituted by trainers between different horses, with the view of testing their respective capabilities. Any person watching a trial, or obtaining surreptitious information respecting results thereof, shall be deemed guilty of corrupt practice upon the turf, and be warned off all race courses where the Newmarket rules are in force. So run the edict.

## SUMMER RESORT GOSSIP.

THE Belgian Minister is in Newport.

ROUND DANCES are interdicted at Round Lake.

THE Turkish Minister of Washington is at Saratoga. He has created quite a harum-scarum among the belles.

THE Boston *Traveller* says Sharon Springs seems to be the Sleepy Hollow of watering places. It used to be lively enough.

THE Niagara Falls *Register* says newly married couples flock to Niagara just now and "bill and coo" in full sight of the great falls. And that is a moment when they should remember a still greater fall—Adam's.

JOHNSTOWN, Cambria county, for many years bore the euphonious name of "Kickapawlingstown." It then got to be "Yahnstown," and finally became mild, milky Johnstown, and a pleasant place it is in Summer.

MANCHESTER, Mass., is the rendezvous of Harvard and Cambridge luminaries, President Elliot being a frequent visitor. Rev. Dr. Bartol, Richard H. Dana, senior and junior, Mrs Anson Burlingame and other notable people are there.

A CORRESPONDENT says:—"At Long Branch and everywhere else the belles have a Hobson's choice of schoolboys and *pères du famille* to dance with, and the whereabouts of their muscular masculine complement is a problem of a serious order, and one that social science will have to take up if things do not mend."

## THE DISASTROUS FLOODS.

### Scenes in the Desolated Districts.

Mail advices have been received from the desolated districts in France and other parts of the European continent, from river floods, hail storms and the inundations consequent on these visitations, which are truly heart-rending. There appears to be some apprehension that a wide-spread sickness, even a plague, will be engendered when the warm sun begins to effect the putrefying masses of humanity and of animal carcasses which lie buried in the ruins at different points. A correspondent who was with President MacMahon on his recent visit says:

AMID THE RUINS OF THE ST. CYPRIEN QUARTER.

I have this afternoon visited the Quartier St. Cyprien, which is crowded with people inspecting the ruins. The more one sees of this devastated quarter the more does one marvel at the extent and force of the flood. Yesterday a bridge of boats was finished, uniting the quarter Bazacle to St. Cyprien. The bridge is the work of a company of engineers specially sent from Avignon. It will temporarily replace the bridge at St. Pierre.

BODIES ARE STILL BEING FOUND

as the work of excavation and demolition proceeds. In one house were crowded forty-four corpses, the poor victims having imagined that this building was particularly solid and secure. I am officially informed that the number of deaths is about 300, so far as known at present.

THE DANGER OF AN EPIDEMIC MORE VISIBLE DAILY.

Serious apprehensions continue to be felt as to an epidemic. The intense heat of the sun acting on the mud-covered debris, which are made doubly fetid by the heavy rain storm showers that fall morning and evening, has developed such a stench that at St. Cyprien large fires have had to be lighted; and the proposal to make a huge bonfire of the ruins has been mooted. At Conestis (where five people have been drowned) the roads are covered with the decaying carcasses of cattle, and as the natives take no trouble to clean the roads the consequences to the public health must be serious.

### The Destruction of Verdun.

The village of Verdun, which President MacMahon visited, is probably the most terrible proof of the force and the rapidity of the recent inundation in the Pyrenees. The destruction of Verdun was caused by the melting of the snow by sudden heat. Three houses alone are standing; the rest of the village is a confused heap of mud and ruins.

Under this lie over 100 human beings and more than 500 kine and other animals.

The odor is overpowering; and, by the Marshal's orders, soldiers have been sent for from Lyons to excavate the place.

SIXTY THOUSAND PEOPLE OUT OF EMPLOYMENT.

A rough estimate sets down the number of people who will have to be provided for during the next few months at 60,000, one-half of whom belong to Toulouse and its immediate vicinity.

BOARDING SCHOOL YOUNG LADIES THIRTY-SIX HOURS ON THE ROOF OF A CONVENT.

A boarding school for young ladies, the Convent of Notre Dame de Nevers, was threatened by death from famine. For thirty-six hours the poor girls remained on the roofs, hemmed in by the water, and not having a morsel of bread in the house.

A HUSBAND AND WIFE AWAITING DEATH.

A very touching death was that of a householder, M. Ducourneau, and his wife. Ruin threatened their house, and for a time they called in vain for help; the current was too strong; no boat could reach them. At last a terrible cracking sound was heard, and the house opened in two. M. Decourneau and his wife were on their knees awaiting death. At the supreme moment they threw themselves into each other's arms, and their bodies were found clasped together.

THE FLOOD INVADES THE COURT HOUSE AT AGEN—THE JUDGE AND OTHER OFFICIALS BATTLING FOR THEIR LIVES—PRISONERS LEFT TO THEIR FATE.

It appears that when the water came down so suddenly on Agen the Assize Court was sitting. Gallantly did judge and counsel hold their places against rain and flood. As to the wretched criminals, no credit is due to them, for we are expressly told they were allowed no choice. At three P. M., however, the Court found itself knee deep in water, and the bravest began to think that human heroism had never been tested in this way. History, I suppose, might be searched in vain to find anything like it. There is Heratus Cocles, who had some trouble with the Tiber, but the cases are not parallel. So judges and lawyers and witnesses broke up the sitting, under *force majeure*. With professional resentment against the prisoners they packed them all in a room to take their fate, and endeavored to save themselves. But not until eight o'clock did an ungrateful populace exert itself to rescue the lawyers, who, meanwhile, splashed about helplessly. A large boat then drew near and embarked the lot. All their hotels, situated in the lower town, had long since been flooded out, and the Garonne went cruising round, like savens of old, to find shelter. They were all successful finally, much to the disgust, I should suppose, of those evil persons who had no ark.

### The Storm at Buda-Pesth.

The consequences of the inundation caused by the great hail storm at Buda-Pesth, on the 26th of June, are scarcely less calamitous than those of the catastrophe at Toulouse. Estimates of the number of victims and of the amount of the damage vary considerably, but 112 bodies have already been found, and more than 100 houses were either destroyed by the storm or have had to be abandoned because they menace ruin.

THE PEOPLE IN FLIGHT.

Happily the occupants of those buildings had already vacated their dwellings, as a part of the ditch which was walled up at that spot had fallen in. Yet even then the unfortunate people could only be rescued by the firemen. All the tenants took refuge in the upper floors of the front tract, which, happily, remained uninjured, but for the moment they had no way of escape. The firemen were, therefore, obliged to carry them down singly on the ladders which they had hastily procured. But it was still worse with the occupants of other houses; they were crushed by the falling walls or carried away into the Danube by the torrents.

THE WIDLY RUSHING RIVER

presented horrible scenes; young girls, hung with jewels, clinging convulsively to each other in death; mothers with their children at the breast borne down the stream by the rapid current. Many houses in the Raitzen (Servian) town, which stood on the declivity of the Blocksberg were flung into the valleys. A large brick-kiln which the lightning struck was burned to the ground.


## PROPOSALS.

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH JULY, 1875.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 M., THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1875, for breaking 500 perch stone on Herron avenue, under direction of the Road Committee.

The Committee reserve the right to accept or reject any or all bids.

R. M. SNODGRASS,
City Controller.

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE Fourth ward, Allegheny, will receive proposals for PAINTING AND CALCIMINING THEIR SCHOOL HOUSES, located, one on the north side and the other on the south side of Liberty street. Bids will be received until the 21st INST., at 12 o'clock noon.

For further information enquire of

S. BARKER,
46 Anderson street, Allegheny.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

R. C. MILLER,
July 16, 1875. Secretary. 168

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO. / PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 16, 1875.

## Notice to Printers and Binders.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 29TH INST., inclusive, for Printing and Binding One Hundred and Twenty (120)

## Assessors' Blotters, for Year 1876.

Specimens of the Books to be made can be seen at the office of the County Commissioners.

164 HENRY WARNER, County Controller.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED proposals will be received until THURSDAY, July 22d, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the paving under the Penn avenue Act and its supplements,"

## Lincoln Ave. Sidewalks,

From Frankstown avenue to city line. Bids will be considered on Stone, Concrete and Brick Pavements.

The Commission reserve the right to reject or accept the whole or any portion of any bid, and bidders will bid accordingly, and must accompany their proposals with bonds, as required by the city.

Pro osal to be left with the Secretary, A. K. Henderson Frankstown avenue, opposite Lincoln avenue, where any information will be given relative thereto.

GEO. FINLEY,
SAMUEL B. ROSS,
W. J. LAFFERTY,
A. K. HENDERSON,
I. O. MCMINN,
Commissioners.

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ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building,
Cor. Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.

E. M. BUTZ,
ARCHITECT,
REMOVED TO
Nos. 64 and 66 Federal Street, Allegheny,
Over Girard Savings Bank.

Mass. Institute of Technology.

Entrance Examinations, Monday, May 31, and Tuesday, June 1, at 9 A. M. Address SAMUEL KNEELAND, Sec'y, Boston, Mass. 163 17


## CONTRASTS.

### The Wife.

As you say, Colonel, here it is charming;
("*Sweet Angel, I beg for a waltz!*")
Your flattery's really alarming;
I am sure that you know it is false.
But I'll whirl you round for a minute,
Just to prove how you erred in your haste,
A waltz is quite nice while you're in it—
Don't hold quite so tight on my waist.
(*Writes.*)

"Dear Husband, I'm penning this letter
In loneliness here at the Springs;
Every day makes me deeper your debtor
For the kind words the previous mail brings.
But, oh! what a void fills my bosom—
You there, and I here all alone;
No friends, if I'e'en wished to choose 'em,
You chained to your desk like a drone."

THE HUSBAND.

Here, Charley! help fill up this basket;
Put in the champagne and the ice.
Never mind if you should overtask it—
Fill it up with this bric-a-brac nice.
Those Dutch girls will soon make it lighter
After the dance and the swings.
Throw in these cigars. Strap it tighter,
While I write a line to the Springs.
(*Writes.*)

"Slowly the shadows are falling,
Alike on my desk and my life;
The plaint of a famished love, calling
For you, my sweet treasure—my wife;
I sit here so wearily thinking,
And wishing my penance were o'er,
And dreaming our love is a-linking
My heart with your heart evermore."


Pittsburgh Bank for Savings.
No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1852.
Assets January 1, 1873, - - - $778,251.56
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at office.
Board of Managers—Geo. A. Berry, President John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Foliansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Park Hair Dressing Saloon.
Hair Dressing, Hair Cutting, Shaving and Shampooing, in the latest style. Also, Cupping and Leeching, at
JNO. S. WILLIAMSON'S,
No. 190 Federal street, Allegheny City.

JAMES LITTELL,
Senior Member of the Firm of
LITTELL & MECHLING,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER
NO. 237 LIBERTY AND 244 PENN STREETS.

REMOVAL.
THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.,
43 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel.

WINDOW GLASS,
Of all sizes, cut to order.
VIALS, BOTTLES AND DEMIJOHNS.
FRUIT JARS,
Of old and Reliable Patterns.
Prices to suit times. Quality and style equal to any made in the country. asp:p97

Summer Excursion Route Book
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
This publication is a convenient volume of 234 pages, profusely illustrated, containing sketches of all prominent resorts in the United States, and a map showing the routes to the same. It will be sold at the very low price of *Ten Cents per Copy*, or *Mailed Postpaid*, for *Fifteen Cents*, and may be obtained at the Ticket Offices of the Company.
As a contribution to the requirements of the thousands of SUMMER TRAVELERS who desire to familiarize themselves with the many points of interest and attraction open to visitors, this book will be found valuable, because it so systematizes and summarizes pleasure travel as to greatly economize its cost, both in time and money.
D. M. BOYD, JR.,
General Passenger Agent.
L. P. FARMER,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent. q82

NOTICE.
The Improvement of Butler St.
from Forty-ninth street to the east end of the bridge, near McMahon's refinery, having been completed, the Assessment Plan will be on exhibition in the office of Esquire Leonhaeuser, Butler street, near Forty-ninth street, JULY 26, 1875, and will remain there for the correction of errors until the 21st day of August. The first installment of the assessment will be due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer, October 1, 1875.
A. LYONS,
JOSEPH ERNY,
GEORGE SENDEL,
WILLIAM SMITH,
RICHARD E. BREED,
Commissioners.
Pittsburgh, July 12, 1875. 55:f

STOCKS
Dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange bought and sold by us on margin of five per cent.

Privileges
Negotiated at one to two per cent. from market on members of the New York Exchange or responsible parties. Large sums have been realized the past 30 days. Put or call costs on 100 shares

$106.25
Straddles $250 each control 200 shares of stock for 30 days without further risk, while many thousand dollars profit may be gained. Advice and information furnished. Pamphlet, containing valuable statistical information showing how Wall street operations are conducted sent

FREE
To any address. Orders solicited by mail or will be promptly executed by us. Address
TUMBRIDGE & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
No. 2 Wall street, New York.

JAS. LOUGHRIDGE,
Patentee and Sole Manufacturer,
NO. 171 SMITHFIELD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

VERDICT
In Favor of Howe's Standard Scales.

We, the undersigned, comprising *all the wholesale Butchers* of Chicago, are using the IMPROVED HOWE STANDARD SCALES, and after using Fairbanks' and other Scales, do find that the Improvements in the HOWE Scale render it the *best*.
We use a scale *severely*, and find the HOWE to be *the strongest*.
We weigh out each day *over thirty thousand dollars worth of meat*, to the retail trade, in various quantities, and require our *large scales to weigh small fractions of a pound*.
This meat we have *found* is always possessed by the IMPROVED HOWE and is maintained after the most severe and longest tests, being attributable to the patent chilled iron balls between the platform and knife edges, on which all friction is received, thus preserving the fine edge of the pivots on which the correct and delicate action of a scale depends.
We also find the IMPROVED HOWE SCALES *the most economical*, not needing the frequent repairs that Fairbanks' and other scales do.

| | |
|---|---|
| DAWSON & MILLER, | PEEVEY & ANDERSON, |
| JOEL ELLIS, | ARMOUR & THOMPSON, |
| BAYNES BROS., | WALL & JAGGER, |
| DENNIS O'CONNOR, | A. SWEENEY & SONS, |
| P. & R. CASH, | SCHMITZ & BAUER, |
| PH. DYCKMAN, | G. RIEDLING, |
| WILLIAM MOORE, | M. R. LEYDEN, |
| O'MALLEY BROS., | O. G. SMITH. |

ONIONS, BALDWIN & CO.,
63 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
1213 Main street, Wheeling, W. Va.

CARD!
C. A. BOUCHER,
The Founder, and Proprietor for Seven Years of the
GREAT ORIGINAL
Red Front Tea Warehouse
NO. 114 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Opposite Postoffice, Pittsburgh,
Takes this opportunity to announce to the thousands of his old friends and customers that he has again assumed control of the same old stand, the Original Red Front Tea Warehouse, and will endeavor to make it in the future what it was in the past—the great headquarters for the working masses, where every article in the grocery line will be sold in its purity, and at the lowest possible prices.
SEND FOR A PRICE LIST.
Families or clubs sending their money to fill their orders, by registered letter, P. O. order, or by express, will have their goods carefully selected and securely packed under my own supervision, and satisfaction guaranteed in every respect.
C. A. BOUCHER,
No. 114 Smithfield Street.
tf

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
SATURDAY, JULY 17th,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
VERY DESIRABLE
New Summer
DRESS GOODS!
AT MOST
REMARKABLE LOW PRICES.
At 6½c, Striped Linen Suitings.
At 6½c, Good Black Hernanis.
At 10c, Plain Wash Poplins, good shades.
At 12½c, Plain and Striped Grenadines.
At 12½c, Wide Fine Dress Linens.
At 12½c, Bargains in Plain and Plaid Poplins.
At 18½c, Bargains in New Dress Goods.
At 25c, Very Desirable New Dress Goods.
Bargains in Dress Linens of all qualities.
Bargains in Silk Pongees, Poplins, &c.
Bargains in Plaids, Debeges and Mohairs.
Bargains in Black Mohair Alpacas.
Bargains in Black Mohair Alpacas, all qualities.
Bargains in Colored Alpacas and Mohairs.
Bargains in Black Cashmeres.
Bargains in Black Dress Goods, all kinds.
Plain, Plaid and Striped
Black Hernanis & Grenadines
All qualities, at about one-half usual prices.
BLACK AND COLORED
DRESS SILKS
From Lowest to Finest Qualities.
At prices as low as they can be bought in the United States.
SPECIAL BARGAINS
Offered This Week in the following
LINES OF GOODS!
Men's Fancy Travistock Shirt,
Fisk, Clark and Flagg makes—closing out at $2 each—reduced from $4.50.
Children's Brown Braided Linen and White Pique Dresses
AT HALF PRICE.
SUN UMBRELLAS,
Reduced from $3 to $1.50, from $4 to $2.
Also large reductions in prices of
Fine Twilled Silk Umbrellas.
Ladies' Fine English Lisle Gloves.
2 Button Reduced to.....65c Per Pair
3 Button Reduced to.....75c Per Pair
Extra Bargains in
SASH RIBBONS
On counter, closing out at 35, 50 and 75c per yard.
Jos. Horne & Co.,
RETAIL,
197 AND 199
PENN AVENUE.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c
CARPETS!
Choicest Styles,
Lowest Prices.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
29 FIFTH AVENUE.

SUMMER RESORTS.
ROCKY POINT HOTEL,
Narragansett Bay, Rhode Island.
EUROPEAN PLAN
Will open for the reception of guests July 1st. Eight Steamboats daily from Providence and Newport

## FINANCIAL.

**SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,**

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - $200,000.

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

**ROBINSON BROTHERS**

NO. 78 FOURTH AVENUE,

**BANKERS.**

Buy and sell on Commission GOVERNMENT BONDS, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES, RAILROAD BONDS AND STOCKS.

Especial attention paid to the purchase and sale of LOCAL SECURITIES of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

FIRST CLASS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES WANTED; ALSO $5,000 WARD SCHOOL BONDS.

**DAILY GAZETTE.**

## FINANCIAL.

**Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.**

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 20, 1875.

Nothing new in the money market is the universal cry all over the country. The banks are full of money and are seeking good No. 1 paper. Some banks are consulting on the propriety of demanding two names on the back of all paper as an additional protection. In New York and all over the West and South money is plenty, and in the former city it goes begging on call at 1½ and 2 per cent., and for first class paper at 4 to 7 per cent. The rates here continue from 6 to 9 per cent., with a few special cases as low as 5.

U. S. bonds in London are reported strong and, higher, with an improving demand for them, and all strictly first-class bonds and stocks. Gold dropped again on Saturday.

Rumor has it that beginning with August the Pennsylvania Railroad will begin to declare its dividends quarterly. This would be but falling in with the custom of our large corporations.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* says: Our money market rules steady. We quote call loans at 3, 4 and 5 per cent., strictly first-class two-name paper at 4@5 per cent., strictly first-class single-name paper at 5@6 per cent., loans on Government collateral at 5 per cent., on first-class bonds and stocks at 5 per cent. and on second-class do. at 6@7 per cent.

NEW YORK, July 19, 1875.

Gold closed at 114, after selling at 114¼ a113⅝. Borrowing rates were 1@3 per annum and 1-64 per diem. Governments are barely steady. Railroad bonds are firm for Northwest and Milwaukee & St. Paul, La Crosse division. State securities are quiet. Stocks are buoyant under activity and an advance in wheat, caused by an active export demand. Prices improved ½@¾ per cent., the latter Northwest preferred, which, with Northwest common and St. Paul, lead the list. The market closed at a slight reaction from the extreme figures, with western stocks weaker. The transactions on the Stock Exchange aggregated 133,000 shares, of which 10,000 were Pacific Mail, 25,000 Western Union, 18,000 Northwest, 12,000 St. Paul, 13,000 Erie, 33,000 Lake Shore, and 8,000 Ohios.

*Governments.*—Coupons or 1881, 121⅛; do '62, none; do '64, 117⅜; do '65, 119⅝; do '65 new, 118½; do '67, 120¾; do '68, 119½; new 5s, 115¼; 10-40s, 117⅜; do coupons, 117¾; currency 6s, 122½.

*State Bonds.*—Tennessee, old, none; do new, none; Virginia, old, 37; do new, 37½; Missouri 6s, 103.

*Stocks.*—Western Union Telegraph, 80½; Pacific Mail, 38½; Adams Express, 99½; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 79; American Express, 55; United States Express, 45; New York Central, 104½; Erie, 15½; do preferred, 23½; Harlem, 133½; do preferred, 133½; Michigan Central, 65½; Union Pacific, 72½; Lake Shore, 60½; Illinois Central, 98; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 91½; Northwestern, 41½; do preferred, 55½; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 3½; New Jersey Central, 112; Rock Island, 105½; St. Paul, 37½; do preferred, 69½; Toledo and Wabash, 5½; do preferred, 18; Fort Wayne, 97½; Ohio & Mississippi, 23½; Chicago & Alton, 102½; do preferred, 106; Burlington & Quincy, 149; Hannibal & St. Jo., 25; Delaware & Lackawanna, 121½; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph, 21; Union Pacific, 102½; Central Pacific, 102½.

LONDON, July 19—5 P. M.—The rate of discount in open market for three months' bills is 2½ per cent. The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £183,000. Consols for money, 94 1-16; do account, 93⅝.

PARIS, July 19.—Rentes 64f 90c.

FRANKFORT, July 19.—U. S. 5-20s of '62, 98¼.

## COMMERCIAL.

**Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.**

**PITTSBURGH MARKETS—WEEKLY REVIEW.**

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 19, 1875.

Trade in commercial circles continues quiet, as it always is at this particular time, but it is hoped and expected that there will be an improvement next month. With good crops and money easy, there is no good reason why business should not improve, and all that is wanted is a restoration of confidence, which is not likely to be much longer delayed. The most important feature we have to record is a firmer feeling in most of the leading staples, including Wheat, Flour, Sugar and Coffee; the breadstuffs market is somewhat excited, and a sharp advance has been established. Butter is also higher, and Cheese is in steady demand but unchanged. There is a continued good jobbing demand for the hog product, but there has been no quotable change in prices since the date of our last review.

APPLES—New crop are coming in freely, but they are not very desirable in point of quality, mostly small and not fully matured; the crop is to be obliged to draw our supplies from elsewhere. Sales at $2@2.50 per barrel according to quality.

ALE—Trade continues quiet, but prices remain unchanged; X, ¼ ₱ bbl. to the city, and ½ to the country; XX, 1½; India, 4½. Half-barrels in regular proportion.

ASHES—The demand continues light, as it usually is at this particular season, owing to many of the glass factories are stopped in consequence of the hot weather; prices nominal. Following are the ruling jobbing rates, Common Soda Ash, 2½@3 cts. per lb.; do., 4¾; Pearlash, 8¾; Potash, 8; Nitrate Soda, 4; Manganese, 6¾; Arsenic, 6; Flowers of Arsenic, 8.

BROOM CORN—Quiet and very dull, in sympathy with the depression in the broom trade, but the stock is light and prices are maintained. A Chicago paper, of the 17th, reports that market as follows: Dealers are filling the small orders coming in at the current prices. We quote: Good to choice hurl, 12¾@13¼ cents; Brush that will work itself into a choice hurl broom, 11¾@12; fair to good do., 10¾ to 11; Inferior brush, 8¾ to 9¾c; crooked, 6¾ to 8c.

BEANS—Are in very light supply, indeed it appears to have been exhausted in this market, and there is a firmer feeling, but no quotable advance in prices; $1.90@2 per bu., the outside figure for navies. Some dealers were apprehensive last month that they would be obliged to carry some over, but in this they were mistaken.

BROOM HANDLES—Choice No. 1 plain, $17@18; good, $15@16; choice No. 1 painted, $20@30; good, $18@22, and $26@27; Toy Handles, painted, $20@22.50.

BEESWAX—Quotable at 30c in lots, and 33 to 35 in a jobbing way.

BROOMS—Following are "Union Factory" rates: —from store:—No. 2 common, $2.25; No. 3 hurl, $2.50; No. 4 hurl, $3; No. 1 carpet, $3.50; No. 2 hurl, $4.75; No. 3 carpet, $4; No. 4 carpet, $4.62; No. 5 carpet, $4.50; fancy parlor, $4.75; steamboat brooms, $4 to $5.50; plain whisk, $1.25 to $1.75; Fancy whisks, $1.50 to $2; Toy Brooms $1.25 to $1.50.

BERRIES—Blackberries have been coming in freely and prices are easier; 12@15 ₱ quart. Huckleberries will soon be over; 12@14c ₱ quart. There is likely to be an increased demand for Blackberries, in consequence of the scarcity of other fruits.

BUTTER—There has been an increased demand for good fresh stock since the date of our last week's review, and with diminished receipts and a reduced supply, prices are strong and tending upward; common stock, however, is in good supply and nearly dull, and is during the hot weather. Prime to choice solid packed quotable at 20 cts.; medium to good, 16@18; common, 12@15. The fact that farmers are busy harvesting has considerable to do with the diminished receipts, although it is not likely that prices will be down again as low as they were last month, nor, on the other hand, do we look for them to go much higher for the present.

CHEESE—The receipts have been more liberal during the past week, but with a steady demand, there has been no accumulation of good stock, and prices are fully maintained—we continue to quote prime Ohio Factory at 11@11½c, and there is little or no inquiry for low grade cheese. The future of the market is uncertain, but the indications just now are that prices will not go any lower, as there is little or no margin for makers at current rates.

CEMENT, LIME, ETC., ETC.—Portland, Cement, per bbl., $4.75@5; Youghiogheny, $1.75@2; Keystone, $1.75@2; Louisville, $2@2.25; Rosendale $2@3.50; Calcined Plaster—French's selected, $4@4.25; No. 1, $3.75@4; Nova Scotia, $3.50@4; Cleveland and Fremont White Lime, $1.65@1.75; Gibsonburg, 1.25@1.75.

COKE—The market for this important article remains substantially the same as noted in our last report; trade continues quiet and prices remain steady; Connellsville quotable at $2.50@2.75 per ton, delivered free in cars in Pittsburgh.

COAL—Strong hope is entertained with—in the past day or two of there being sufficient water to let out the coal fleet, but up to this writing these expectations have not been realized. It is estimated that there are fully twelve million bushels loaded and ready to move, and coalmen are anxiously waiting for a rise.

COTTAGE AND ROPE—Trade in this branch of business continues very quiet, and, so far as we know, the market is devoid of a single characteristic worthy of notice.

MANILA ROPE.

| | |
|---|---|
| ½ in. diameter and upwards | 15½ cts. per lb |
| ⅜ inch | 16 " " |
| ¼ and 5-16 in. diameter | 16½ " " |
| Tarred Rope and Lath Yarn | 15 " " |
| Hay, Stave and Leather Twine | 16 " " |

OIL WELL DRILLING CABLES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hawser Laid | 11½ cts. per lb |
| " " Bolt Rope Yarns | 17 " " |
| Sand Pump Rope | 18½ " " |

SISAL ROPE.

| | |
|---|---|
| ½ inch diameter and upward | 12½ cts. per lb. |
| ⅜ inch | 13 " " |
| ¼ and 5-16 in. | 14 " " |
| Hay, spoke and leather twine | 13 " " |

NEW ZEALAND ROPE.

| | |
|---|---|
| ½ inch diameter and upward | 12½ cts per lb. |
| ⅜ inch | 13 " " |
| ¼ and 5-16 in. diameter | 13½ " " |
| Hay twine | 13 " " |
| Tarred bath twine | 12 " " |

JUTE ROPE.

All sizes 11 cts per lb.

AMERICAN AND RUSSIA.

| | |
|---|---|
| Tarred Rope | 14½ cts per lb. |
| " Lath Yarn | 13½ " " " |
| " Spun Yarn | 13½ " " " |
| " Marlines | 19 " " " |
| " Houseline | 19 " " " |

PACKING.

| | |
|---|---|
| American | 13 to 16 cts per lb. |
| Russia | 18 " " " |
| Italian | 11 " " " |
| Pat. Lubricating | 30 and 40 " " " |
| Bash and Bell Cord | 30 to 35 " " " |

COTTON—Steady, at 13 to 14c.

DRIED FRUIT—The stock is almost exhausted in this market, but there is little or no inquiry, nor is it to be expected with the market well supplied with fresh fruits and vegetables; prices are entirely nominal.

EGGS—The receipts have not increased any, apparently, but the supply has accumulated somewhat, from which we are to infer that there is a falling off in the demand, which is always looked for just after a holiday; at present there are buffer buyers aside from bakers and hotels, and we look for a light demand during the next 60 days. Quotations may be given at 15@19 for fresh stock.

FEATHERS—Sales in a small way, at 50c for prime. Stocks light.

FURS—Muskrat, 25@30; Opossum, 10@15; red Fox, $1.00@1.25; black Skunk, $1.25@1.50; striped Skunk, 20@75; Raccoon, 40@60; Mink, 60@1.25.

FLOUR—The market is strong and considerably excited in consequence of a sharp advance in Wheat, and since the date of our last weekly report there has been a fair trade in the way of sales. We now quote, in a jobbing way, Spring wheat flours, $6.25 to $6.75, the outside figure for choice Minnesotas; whites, $6.50 @6.75 for No. 1, and $7.00 @7.50 for amber and white. It is but proper to note, however, that dealers generally appear to be impressed with the belief that the advance was too rapid to be permanent, and that an early reaction is not improbable. The future of the market depends very much upon the foreign demand; the indications at the present time are regarded as being favorable for an increased export trade during the next carrying year. Rye Flour continues in light stock, but there is not much call for it; $5.75 to $6 ₱ bbl.

GROCERIES—Coffee is strong and active at full prices, with every indication pointing to higher figures. From the seaboard we have the report that the stock is much lower than most at this season, and is held under easy control by strong owners, who are determined to make the most of the situation. Java and Maracaibo strong at the late advance. The growing crop in Brazil is estimated at 1,850,000 bags, which, if verified, will advance Rio, and cause extreme high prices during the whole of the next Coffee year. Sugars are very firm, and the supplies of refined are unequal to the demand. Some refiners are oversold ten days, and decline to name figures for future delivery. Molasses and Syrups easy. Rice steady.

| SUGARS. | |
|---|---|
| Crushed | 12 |
| Granulated | 11¾ |
| Powdered | 11½ |
| Standard A | 11 |
| Standard B | 10¾ |
| Ex C Standard | 10¼ |
| Golden C | 9¾@10¼ |
| Porto Rico | 8¾@ 9¼ |
| New Orleans | 8¾@ 9¼ |

| COFFEES. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Rio Good | 21 | Roasted loose | 28 |
| Rio Prime | 24 | Java, bbls | 40 |
| Rio, choice | 27 | Java, loose | 38 |
| Rio, bbls | 28 | | |

| RICE. | |
|---|---|
| Rangoon, per lb | 7¼@8 |
| Carolina, per lb | 8¾@9 |
| Patna, per lb | 7¼@8 |

| MOLASSES. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Porto Rico | 50@55 | New Orleans | 75@90 |
| Demarara | 50@55 | | |

| SOAPS. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Babbitt's Best | 10 | Olive | 8 |
| Babbitt's N. Y. | | Woman's Friend | 5½ |
| Crystal | 10 | Scrubbing | 4 |
| Russian | 9@10 | Parlor, 1 lb. cakes, per box, 2 d. | 1.75 |
| That I. O. U. | 1.75 | Parlor, 1 lb. cakes, per box, 2 d. | 1.75 |
| Pendleton | 1.75 | Parlor, 1 lb. cakes, per box, 2 d. | 1.75 |
| Marlboro | 1.75 | Parlor, 1 lb. cakes, per box, 2 d. | 1.75 |
| Dingee's | 1.75 | Parlor, 1 lb. cakes, per box, 2 d. | 1.75 |
| Colgate's | 1.75 | Parlor, 1 lb. cakes, per box, 2 d. | 1.75 |
| Ex. Kribs Wax | 7 | Parlor, 1 lb. cakes, per box, 2 d. | 1.75 |

| STARCH. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sugar house | 3½@4@ | Sugar Drips | 4@5@6 |
| Maryland | 6 | White Drips | 4@5@ |
| Silver Drips | 6@ | Extra Golden | 5@6@7@ |

FISH.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lake Herring—¼ bbls | | 4 75 | 5 00 |
| " ½ bbls | | 2 63 | 2 75 |
| White Fish—¼ bbls | | 3 50 | |
| " ½ bbls | | 6 50 | |
| Mackerel—No. 1, bbls | | 14 00 | to 16 00 |
| " No. 2, bbls | | 12 00 | to 13 00 |
| " No. 3, bbls | | 8 00 | to 9 00 |
| Labrador Herring—Split bbls | | 9 50 | |
| " " ½ bbls | | 6 00 | |

| SUNDRIES. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Common | 06 | Silver gloss | 9¾@10 |
| Buffalo | 08 | Cotton | 10¾@11 |
| Oat Meal, in bbls. | | $6.50 | @10.00 |
| Oat Meal, half bbls | | 3.00 | |
| Pearl Barley, bbls | | 7.00 | @ 7.50 |
| Currants per lb | | 7¾ | to 8 |
| Valencia Raisins, per lb | | 11 | |
| Layer Raisins, per box | | 2.75 | |
| Indigo, per lb | | 1.35 | @ 1.50 |
| Bi Carb Soda in kegs | | 7¾ | @ 8 |
| Bi Carb Soda in bags | | 3¾ | |
| Potash, per box | | 9.00 | |
| Prunes, per lb | | 9 | @ 10 |
| French White Vinegar, per gal | | 35 | |
| Con. Lye, per case | | 7.75 | |
| Philadelphia Lye | | 5.00 | @5 50 |
| Lamp Chimneys, per doz | | 1.35 | |

GRAIN—The Wheat market has been considerably excited during the past week, and in the west, the chief source of supply, a sharp advance has been established; in Chicago the advance since the up and downward first set in has been 18 to 20 cents per bushel. However, the rise at the latter point was much larger than elsewhere, the result of manipulation, and a reaction, therefore, is only a question of time, although the indications generally warrant the prediction that Wheat is likely to rule higher than last week, the question being not the yield of winter will be from 18 to 20 per cent. short. There has been little or none arriving here recently, the great rush to the mills, and, furthermore, there does not appear to be much in Pennsylvania and Ohio red may be quoted at $1.30@1.33, and choice amber and white at 5 cents additional. The Oat market continues dull, buyers, in anticipation of a still further decline, are buying no more than they can possibly help, and as there is every prospect of a heavy crop, much lower prices are almost certain to rule; sales of car loads for mixed, and 32@36 for white. Corn is in light supply, but there does not appear to be much inquiry for it; it is too early for feed, and millers or distillers are buying much; quotable at 52 to 75 for car lots, and the same rates will answer for shelled, free in elevator. Rye is quiet and nominal at $1.10@1.15.

HAY—The market for baled is more active and firmer, and prices as compared with the date of our last report, are a shade better, ranging from $18 to $21 per ton on track, according to quality and condition. Loose is selling from country wagons at $20@22, and $23@24 for old.

HEMP—Dull; sales Kentucky rough at $176. No dressed here.

HIDES—There has been a falling off in the demand; the market is dull, but few transaction; but little disposition on the part of buyers to purchase, except at low prices. Heavy grubby steers are the only kind that can be sold to advantage. We quote: Green Salted Cows 5½@9 cts. ₱ lb.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| " " Steers, Light | 7 | | 9½@10 |
| " " " Heavy | 10 | | 10½@11 |
| " Calf | 13 | | 14 |
| Green butcher cows | 4 | | 5 |
| Green butcher steers, light | 7 | | 8 |
| Green butcher steers, heavy | 9 | | 10 |
| Green butcher calf | 12 | | 13 |

LUMBER—Following are the current yard rates:

| UNPLANED LUMBER. | |
|---|---|
| Clear, ₱ M | $65 00 |
| First common | 55 00 |
| Second common | 35 00 |
| Third common | 20 00 |
| Sheeting, dressed | 30 00 |
| Hatched joist and scantling | 18 00 |

| PLANED LUMBER. | |
|---|---|
| First common, ₱ M | $80 00 |
| Clear | 70 00 |
| Flooring boards | 40 00 |
| Common boards | 30 00 |
| Shelving on both sides | 30 00 |
| Shelving on one side | 28 00 |
| Moulded weatherboarding | 40 00 |
| Rabbited weatherboarding | 50 00 |
| Half-inch patent planed | 22 00 |
| Half-inch flooring | 18 00 |
| Twelve-inch vertical, with strips | 40 00 |
| Oak and yellow pine flooring laid | 40 00 |

SHINGLES AND LATH.

| | |
|---|---|
| Shingles, 18-inch, XXX | $4 50 |
| " 18-inch, XX | 3 75 |
| LATH | 1 75 |

LEATHER—Oak Sole, Red Sole, Skirting and Bridle in fair demand. No. 1 Oak Rough Leather and Fair Light Spanish Harness in fair sale. Upper Kip and Calf very dull. Other kinds unchanged. We quote:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Oak Sole, country | 0.34@ | 0.37 |
| Oak Sole, city | 0.36@ | 0.40 |
| Red Sole, B. A. heavy and mid | 0.31@ | 0.32 |
| Red Sole, buffed | 0.29@ | 0.31 |
| Red Sole, good dgd | 0.25@ | 0.27 |
| Oak Slaughter | 0.35@ | 0.40 |
| Harness, city oak | 0.32@ | 0.35 |
| Harness, country | 0.28@ | 0.31 |
| Harness, No. 2 and common | 0.24@ | 0.27 |
| Fair Skirting | 0.40@ | 0.43 |
| Belt Leather | 0.36@ | 0.40 |
| Finished Bridle, ₱ doz | 80.00@ | 70.00 |
| Welt Leather | 0.40@ | 0.46 |
| Finished Calf | 0.90@ | 1.25 |
| Finished Upper, ₱ foot | 0.18@ | 0.22 |
| Finished Kips | 0.90@ | 1.10 |

MILL FEED—The receipts recently have been light, but there is not much inquiry, and prices are without quotable change; Bran, 85@90 cents per cwt. on track in bulk; Middlings, $1.40@1.00; Chopped feed, $1.40@1.70.

OIL—Lard and linseed steady at our quotations. Miners' oil firm, and more doing in it. Linseed steady. Procter & Gamble's Acme, $1.05@1.07 ₱ gallon; Procter & Gamble's Star, $1.00@1.02½ ₱ gallon; Procter & Gamble's No. 1, 88 cents; No. 2, 80c. Miners Lard oil, 80c. Pure Neatsfoot, 95c. Sperm, unsettled. Linseed, raw, 78; boiled, 75; in bbls., 1@2c. test, 126.

NUTS—Jobbing demand only; the poor quality of the last crop Tennessees has been a steady drawback all season, which, with the good quality of Virginias will leave some poor nuts to carry over. Sales of selected Tennessees at 8¾ to 9 for white, and 4¾ to 7 for red.

POTATOES AND VEGETABLES—The arrivals of Potatoes have been heavy during the past week, and prices consequently have declined about one dollar per bbl; we now quote at $2@2.25 ₱ barrel. Cabbages, $1.50@2.00 ₱ 100. Tomatoes, $1.00@1.50 ₱ bbl. Cucumbers very dull; $1.00@1.50 per bbl. Onions, 75@$1 ₱ bbl.

POULTRY—Live Chickens quotable at 45@46c ₱ pair by the coop according to size and condition.

PROVISIONS—Are, for some descriptions, higher and firmer. Louisville offers in hundred tierce lots at 13c for medium average Hams, sugar-cured and canvassed. Cincinnati and Chicago also firm at higher figures—say ¼ to ¾. Breakfast Bacon scarce at 15c advance. Mess Pork dull and unchanged. Lard ¼ up. Bulk Shoulders very firm.

| Hams—Extra C. C. | | Lard-Prime Leaf in tierces | 14½ |
|---|---|---|---|
| " Sugar cured | 17½ | Do., half barrels | 14¾ |
| " Shoulders, Ex S. C. | 10¾ | Lard-Ref. for summer use in tierces | 14¼ |
| B'fast Bacon, S. C. | 14¾ | Do., in half bbls | 14¾ |
| Dried Beef, Ex. Sm'd | 15 | Do., in bbls | 15 |
| Sugar Cured, old | 15½ | Do., in bbls | 15¼ |
| Beef Tongues Sugar Cured, ₱ doz | @6 50 | Do., in bbls | 15¾ |
| Bacon Shoulders | 9¾ | Do., 5 ₱ tubs | 15¾ |
| Clear Rib Sides | 13 | Do., 3 ₱ pails | 16 |
| Clear Sides | 13½ | Do., 5 ₱ do | 17¾ |
| Mess Pork, ₱ bbl | 21.00 | Do., 3 ₱ do | 17¾ |
| Mess Pork in Lard Oil | 19.00 | Carbon Oil | 15½ |
| Lard Oil | 1.12 | Cheese | 12 |
| Family Pork, 24 pieces in bbl | 20.50 | | |
| Short Mess Pork, 42 pieces in bbl | 20.50 | | |

WINDOW GLASS—Trade continues quiet, as it always is at this season of the year; the most of the factories are shut down, on account of the hot weather. No change in card or discounts.

PER BOX OF FIFTY FEET—SINGLE STRENGTH.

| Quality. | Dbl. Quality. |
|---|---|
| 6 by 8 to 7 by 9 | $ 6 75 |
| 7 by 10 to 8 by 10 | 7 75 |
| 8 by 11 to 10 by 12 | 8 75 |
| 10 by 14 to 10 by 15 | 9 00 |
| 11 by 14 to 11 by 17 | 10 00 |
| 12 by 18 to 26 by 24 | 11 00 |
| 15 by 22 | 12 00 |
| 24 by 26 to 26 by 30 | 14 00 |
| 25 by 36 to 24 by 36 | 15 00 |
| 26 by 28 to 24 by 36 | 15 00 |
| 24 by 40 to 26 by 40 | 18 00 |
| 26 by 46 to 30 by 50 | 18 00 |
| 30 by 52 to 30 by 54 | 22 00 |
| 30 by 56 to 34 by 54 | 24 00 |
| 34 by 48 to 33 by 60 | 30 00 |
| 30 by 60 to 40 by 60 | 40 00 |
| 40 by 60 to 40 by 70 | 45 00 |

All sizes over 42 inches in length, and not making 56 united inches, will be charged in 54 united inches bracket. An additional 10 ₱ cent. will be charged for all glass more than 40 inches wide. Orders taken by agents are subject to approval of manufacturers' when received.

WHITE LEAD—Is still quoted at 7¾ ₱ pound, by the ton, and 10@10½ for smaller lots.

WOOL—Following are the current quotations for unwashed wools; regular sales at 2½@3 cents for good mixed, woolen ¼c ₱ ₱.

SEEDS—There is some movement noticeable in a small way in Timothy seed at about $2 ₱ bushel. It is thought that there are fully twelve million bushels loaded and ready to move, and coalmen are anxiously waiting for a rise.

WOODEN WARE—We quote as follows:—No. 1 three-hoop tubs, $8.50 ₱ doz; No. 2 two-hoop tubs, $7.00; No. 3 three-hoop tubs, $6.50; two-hoop pails, $1.90; three-hoop pails, $2.15 ₱ doz; keelers, ₱ nest, $1.50. Globe Wash-boards, $2.75; I. X. L. Wash-boards, $2.35; Salamon's Ice-pails (full count) $1.50 per box; round head clothes-pins, $1 ₱ box.

WOOL—The wool market is quiet, and there is but little doing anywhere in the country, as farmers are now engaged with their harvests, it is not likely that any activity will be noted in the Wool trade until the harvest is over. Advices from the eastern markets indicate lower prices for Fine Wools, and some recent large sales in Boston show a decline of 10 cents per pound from the prices of last winter. We do not hear of any agents through the country who have orders to fill at over 40c, and but few have orders at this price. We quote prices nominal, viz.:

| | |
|---|---|
| Fine Fleeces | 40c |
| Medium do | 40@45 |
| Tub-washed | 40@47 |

All unmerchantable and unwashed Wools are at a discount of 25 to 35 per cent. on the above prices.

## ALLEGHENY LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 19, 1875.

ALLEGHENY STOCK YARDS.

CATTLE.—GENERAL FEATURES OF THE MARKET.

The supply on sale was small, 513 head against 629 last Monday, when it was thought to be light; with a reduced supply and an average demand, the market opened strong; prices were advanced from a ¼ to ¾ of a cent ₱ lb., and while the advance caused business to rule a little slow, it was fully maintained. The Chicago bought cattle, 16 cars, or about one-half of the entire supply, cost considerably more than those on sale last Monday, and the advance established here was just about sufficient to cover the increased cost, and taking this into consideration, the market was not much of an improvement on that of last Monday, so far at least as the drover was concerned, while at the same time it was worse for the butcher. It was conceded on all hands that cattle were higher; there was no getting over this, but some operators reported the advance greater than others.

The average quality was scarcely as good as that of last week, and while the prices reported to-day were not so much higher than those of last Monday, the difference in point of quality made the advance greater than would appear at first sight. Common butcher cattle, which were sold at 4@5 cents last Monday, brought 5@5¾, to-day, although it is but proper to remark that there was more of an advance on these than the finer grades. Extra Chicago tops sold at 7¼@7½, with some few possibly at 7¾. The bulk of the sales were within the range of 5@6 cts., as the bulk of the offerings were of the common and medium grade. There were no Cherokees; it having been pretty well demonstrated that our butchers, generally, do not like this kind of stock as they do not make good beef; good wintered Texans and Cherokees sell readily enough, and at fair prices, but these are few of this kind offered on any of the days of the week. Following are the sales:

A. Greenwald, Chicago ..... 37
Marks & Brother, Chicago ..... 38
Zeiger & L., Chicago ..... 37
Trautman & Son, Chicago ..... 37
Rothchilds & Haas, Chicago ..... 37
Haas, Chicago ..... 18
Hartman & R., Chicago ..... 18
Rothchilds & Brother ..... 19
Marks Brothers, Chicago ..... 19
Trautman & R., Chicago ..... 37
Arnold & Wolf, Chicago ..... 37
W. Monnheimer, Chicago ..... 17
Barnheler & George, Indianapolis ..... 20
Head & Trimble, Orrville ..... 20
P. M. Snyder, Orrville ..... 19
W. C. Thrasher, Leesville ..... 17
Kahn & L. man, Crestline ..... 17
Thomas Bingham, Penns ..... 10
Rothchilds & Brother, Penns ..... 10
Shansberg & A., Penns ..... 47
Hartman & A., Penns ..... 13
J. S. McMillan, Penns ..... 3
Rowley & Savage, Penns ..... 8
Lowenstein & Co., East Liberty ..... 15

Total number on sale ..... 513
Total number reported last week ..... 629

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

There was a very fair supply on sale, 1,685, against 1,031 last Monday; the great proportion of the offerings were Lambs, and the small supply of sheep was mostly common in point of quality. The market, notwithstanding there was more or less complaining, was a very fair one—all that could be expected, the best evidence of which is that the pens were pretty well cleared early in the day. Lambs sold at from $2 to $4 ₱ head, according to quality, and there would have been no difficulty in disposing of a number of good fat sheep at full prices, say 5@5½c ₱ lb. The stock on sale was reported as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| J. F. Neeley | Penns | 60 | |
| S. A. Vandever | do | 56 | |
| H. McCaslin | do | 91 | |
| Thos. Bingham | do | 41 | |
| M. Humes | do | 33 | |
| John Beeler | do | 102 | |
| J. W. Cunningham | | 75 | |
| J. Shaw | Penns | 54 | |
| J. Henderson | do | 70 | |
| Montgomery & R. | do | 180 | |
| A. Siakeley | do | 40 | |
| Sheltmantle & F. | do | 150 | |
| Kelly & Co | do | 75 | |

Total number on sale ..... 1,685
Total number last week ..... 1,031

The supply, although light, was fully equal to the demand, which continues light, and no improvement need be looked for in the general trade until the hot weather is over. The market, however, was firmer, in sympathy with East Liberty, and we advance our quotations to 7@7½ for 8, gross, in a retail way.

VEAL CALVES.

The market continues slow, as it always is at this season of the year, and prices are weak, but, compared with last week, without quotable change, ranging from 4½ to 5¾ ₱ lb. for fair to prime, and 6c for extra.

FRESH COWS.

The supply was light as compared with last Monday, and, as usual, mostly common in point of quality. Market generally reported dull, especially for common stock; quotable at $30 to $60, according to quality.

## PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 19, 1875.

While trade continues very quiet, there was a mere hopeful feeling in oil circles to-day, and it begins to look as if a reaction had a set-in. Crude as compared with Saturday, undergoes little or no change; sales of immediate shipment are reported at one dollar, which is low enough in all conscience. Refined was more inquired for, with no perceptible improvement in prices; there is this difference, however; there was more to be had, comparatively at any price, while there would have been no difficulty in selling to-day at quotations. Phila. and Baltimore, for cars here, 8¾; Baltimore for delivery, 10¾; on cars here, 8¾. It is encouraging to note that there was an improved demand, as it is probable an improvement in prices will follow.

Oil Barrels in fair demand, but prices are so irregular, depending on size and quality, that it is difficult to quote correctly.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL PER ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

| Shipper. | Consignee. | Bbls. |
|---|---|---|
| B. S. Duncan | Penn O W | 970 |
| J. Rushnell | Crystal O W | 48 |
| J. [Rushnell] | Liberty O W | 48 |
| J. Rushnell | National O W | 240 |
| J. Rushnell | Philadelphia O W | 48 |
| H S A Stewart | Penn O W | 48 |
| B S Duncan | Star O W | 467 |
| H S Duncan | Riverside O W | 476 |
| W F Baum | Riverside O W | 79 |
| G M Robinson | Loomis O W | 71 |
| Total | | 4,110 |

SHIPMENTS REFINED OIL EAST VIA ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

| Shipper. | Consignee. | Bbls. July 19, 1875. |
|---|---|---|
| Standard Oil Co | Warden P. & Co | 450 |
| Livingston Bros | Warden F. & Co | 450 |
| National O. W | Warden F. & Co | 450 |
| Citizens Oil Ref | J. B. Tufford & Co | 150 |
| King & Goodwin | George Tobe | 750 |
| Total | | 1,302 |

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

**Chicago.**

CHICAGO, July 19, 1875.

FLOUR—Quiet at $4.75@5.25.

GRAIN—Wheat demand active and prices advanced; No. 2 spring Chicago $1,14 cash; $1,13¾ seller August; No 3 $1,07 1-2 Corn steady; 70¾@70 1-2 seller August; 71¾@71 1-2 seller September. Oats: demand fair and market firm; 38¾c seller August; 36 3-4c seller September. Rye firmer and in fair demand; nothing doing in cash. Barley strong and hard.

On call board wheat was active and a shade higher; $1,18 1-2 cash; $1,18 July; $1,16 3-4@1,16⅝ August; $1,14 1-2 September. Corn firm and a shade higher; 71⅝ August; 72¼@72¾ September. Oats firm and higher; 50c July; 39 7-8c August. 37 1-2c September. Pork easier and a shade higher. Lard higher; $13,37 1-2@13,42 1-2 August; $13,57 1-2 September.

**New York.**

NEW YORK, July 19.—Flour closed barely steady; common to good $5.60@5.95, good to choice $6,00@6,40; white wheat extra $6,45@7,00; extra Ohio $6,70@7,25. Wheat firm, receipts 80,000 bushels; No. 2 Chicago, spring $1,28@1,29. Corn, winter red $1,35@1,38; amber $1,38@1,40; white $1,40 @1,43. Rye quiet. Barley firm. Malt unchanged. Corn, receipts 100,000. Petroleum steady; refined 11½c; crude 5¼c. Rosin steady at $1,60@1,75. Turpentine 31½c. Cut meats quiet. Middles firm; l c m city 12¾@12¾c; s c m 13¾c. Butter unchanged. Cheese heavy. Whisky $1.22.

*Metals*—Manufactured copper steady; new sheathing 30@38½c. Russia sheet 14½c; gold. Nails quiet and unchanged; horse shoe quiet at 21c.

**Detroit.**

DETROIT, July 19—Flour quiet, but firm; superfine winter wheat $5,25@6,40. Wheat demand active and prices advanced 6c; at the closing buyers and sellers were apart, tending downward; extra $1,39; Michigan white No 1 $1,38 bid; No 2 $1,33; amber Michigan No 1 $1,30½ bid. Corn quiet and firm at 69¾c bid; 71¾c asked. Oats quiet and steady.

**Cincinnati.**

CINCINNATI, July 19.—Cotton quiet at 14¾c. Flour firm and unchanged. Oils quiet and unchanged. Butter, Eggs and Cheese: demand fair and market firm. Provisions strong. Pork $14,75 bid. Lard steady and in moderate demand; shoulders 9¾c; clear 12¼@13¼c. Lard steady at 13¾ @14¼c. Bacon firm and unchanged. Whisky steady at $1,17.

**Baltimore.**

BALTIMORE, July 19.—Flour firm; western superfine $4,25@4,75; extra fine $5,50; family $5,75@6,75. Corn quiet; western mixed 53½@54c. Oats steady; western mixed 62c; white 63c. Pork $21. Bacon 14 @14½c. Butter steady. Coffee firm at 17½c. Petroleum nominal. Whisky steady at $1,21.

**Toledo.**

TOLEDO, July 19.—Wheat: demand fair and market firm; white Michigan $1,34; extra do $1,35; seller August $1,30; No 2 Dayton and Michigan red $1,28. Corn quiet and steady; high mixed cash and seller August 74½c; seller September 75½c; no grade 74½c. Oats steady and in moderate demand; Michigan 53@54c.

**Philadelphia.**

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Flour in good local demand; Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family $5,37½@6,75. Wheat: amber $1,40; white $1,50; Milwaukee $1,33. Rye $1,05. Corn steady at 64@65c; mixed 62½ @63c. Petroleum nominal; refined 10¾@ 11¾c; crude 8¾c.

**Foreign.**

LIVERPOOL, July 19.—Cotton steady; middling upland 7d; Orleans 7¼d. Flour: extra western and State 22s. Wheat; No 1 to No 2 spring 9@7d. Corn 33½. Pork: western 75s. Cheese 55s. Refined petroleum 9d; sp

# DAILY GAZETTE.

## Circulation, 15,800.

## THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The current issue of the WEEKLY GAZETTE is for sale on our counter to-day. It contains a complete resume of local and general news, telegraphic intelligence from every part of the world, commercial, financial, oil and cattle market reports, and editorials on all the leading topics of the day; altogether, thirty-six columns of choice reading matter, embracing subjects of interest to the lawyer, the doctor, the merchant, the mechanic, the farmer, and the family. The reputation of the GAZETTE is so thoroughly established, especially in the correctness of its commercial and market reports, that it has gained a circulation

**The Largest in Western Pennsylvania.**

It is, at the same time, the cheapest in the list of weeklies of its grade. The subscription and club rates are as follows:

TERMS—Single copy, $1.75; clubs of five, $1.50, clubs of ten, 1.40; this includes postage paid by the publishers. A copy of the WEEKLY GAZETTE will be sent free to the party who acts as agent, for every ten names paid for.

Its especial merits are:

It contains the Latest News from all parts of the World.

Its Market Reports are prepared especially and exclusively for this journal, and are the only reliable ones published in Pittsburgh.

It is especially adapted for the Farmer, Mechanic, Merchant and general Family use.

The large circulation of the GAZETTE is attributable to the recognition of its merits, and not to the efforts of canvassers who make a business of securing names on a percentage. Postmasters at many points have acted for us, and these alone are our accredited agents. All desirous of receiving the best Weekly published in Pittsburgh should subscribe at once FOR THE GAZETTE.


## HOME NEWS.

**The Gazette for the Summer.**

Persons leaving the city for the summer can have the Daily GAZETTE sent to them by mail, by leaving their orders at the counting-room.

**Fire at Fairview.**

There was a rumor current early last evening of a fire at the oil refinery at Fairview, on the West Penn Railroad, but an investigation failed to discover a conflagration of any extent. A telegram from that neighborhood stated that it was only the burning of some acid.

**Bankruptcy Business.**

The United States District Court was not in session yesterday, as Judge McCandless left for Erie early in the morning. In the Clerk's office a voluntary petition for adjudication in bankruptcy of himself was filed by Daniel C. Burchell, of Altoona. The failure is a light one, and the assets will nearly or quite cover the libilities.

**Reckless Stone Throwing.**

Yesterday afternoon as an Oakland car was coming down the hill at Soho, a stone came through a window and struck an old lady on the side of the head, inflicting a wound from which the blood freely flowed. The victim was taken into a house near by and was cared for by a surgeon. The stone was thrown by some boys who were playing in the vicinity.

**Thrown From a Horse.**

Shortly after noon yesterday, a boy named Robinson, was thrown from a horse which he was riding on Federal street, near the railroad crossing, Allegheny. He sustained several severe bruises by the fall, and as he was getting on his feet again the horse kicked one of his legs, and hurt him so badly that he had to be assisted to his home.

**After Many Days.**

About two years ago a man named Becke made information before Alderman Bolster, of Allegheny, charging Calvin Mitchell with desertion, assault and battery and malicious mischief. Mitchell managed to elude the officers sent after him until yesterday, when constable Faber, with the assistance of officer Weir of the police force of Allegheny, arrested him at Natrona and safely lodged him in jail to await a hearing.

**Narrow Escape From Drowning.**

About three o'clock yesterday afternoon, as the tug boat "Park Painter" was going up the Allegheny river just above the railroad bridge with a barge loaded with empty oil barrels, one of the employees of the boat walked out upon the top row of the oil barrels, and when near the middle of the barge he slipped and slid down into the river. He fortunately succeeded in catching hold of the side of the barge to which he held until a skiff which was sent to his assistance reached him.

**Equity Proceedings.**

A bill in equity was filed in the Common Pleas Court No. 1 yesterday by James Doolittle through his attorneys, Messrs. Miller and McBride, vs. W. Lea and wife, A. S. Rowland and wife, Wm. J. Glenn and wife, Wm. Ewing and minor children, and Sarah V. Doolittle. The plaintiff says he is entitled in simple to three-fifths of a tract of land, partly in Chartiers borough and partly in Robinson township, containing between sixty-seven and seventy acres in all. That the defendants are entitled to two-fifths vested in the heirs of Sarah V. Doolittle, subject to the life estate of complainant, which he agrees to release, and that no partition or division has ever been made. A decree is wanted for partition and a master appointed to make it.

**Results of a Burglary in Allegheny.**

Several weeks ago we noticed the fact that the residence of Wm. Burchell on Union avenue, Allegheny, had been entered by a burglar and just as he was about leaving the house he was detected by Mr. Burchell and a desperate struggle ensued, during which the burglar broke loose from Burchell and escaped. A few days after that Burchell caught hold of a negro named Wm. Robinson in South Diamond street, and accused him of being the burglar. Robinson then made information before Alderman Edgar, charging Burchell with assault and battery, and Burchell made information before Mayor Phillips, charging Robinson with burglary. A hearing was had before the Mayor last evening and Robinson held in $300 bail for trial. Burchell then called on Alderman Edgar, and waived a hearing and entered $300 bail for trial in his case also.

**What the Contract Says.**

The Fifth Avenue improvement Commissioners yesterday filed with Controller Snodgrass a copy of the contract entered into by them with General Barton for the improvement of the sidewalks of that avenue. It provides that the sidewalks on both sides of the street shall be paved with concrete, "except upon such portions thereof as shall already have been provided with paved sidewalks by the owners or lessees of property abutting thereon, and done in conformity to the requirements of existing ordinances of the Councils of said city; also of such further portions as may be in process of being paved, and of which the Commissioners have been duly notified and which shall have been actually paved in conformity with the requirements of the city ordinances as aforesaid on or before the 1st day of July next."

The pavement is guaranteed to last for five years. It must be finished by August 1st, and if not done by that time the contractor agrees to forfeit $100 per day until it is completed.

## MEMORIAL SERVICES.

**Impressive Ceremony Last Night in the Hall of Post 88, G. A. R.**

Post 88, G. A. R., held its first memorial services last night, in Allegheny, in honor of the late A. P. Callow, Joseph R. Oxley, and Thompson W. Smith. This ceremony has only been recently instituted by the Grand Encampment of the G. A. R., and, therefore, the services in the present case could not have been held sooner. They consist of a biographical sketch of the military services of the deceased, when he enlisted, the character and duration of the term of offices held, when discharged, how long a member of the G. A. R., and other matters of personal history. The ceremony last night was public, and many of the friends of the dead soldiers, as well as a large number of others, were present to witness it. It was presided over by Post Commander A. Patterson, and those who had the pleasure of seeing it pronounced it very impressive. The address was delivered by Hon. B. C. Christy, and the choir of the Union M. E. church assisted in the musical part of the services.

## TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE.

**Regular Weekly Meeting Yesterday.**

The regular weekly meeting of the Allegheny County Temperance Alliance, was held at their rooms on Penn avenue, yesterday, Mr. T. H. Rabe in the chair, and Messrs. P. S. Jennings and J. H. Turner acting as secretaries.

A report of the Conference at Sea Cliff, was made by Mr. Rabe in which he said it had been quite successful, and that the business of the session was beneficial to the Alliance, as well as to the Prohibition Executive Committee of the United States. The same gentleman announced that the Christian Temperance Alliance of Pennsylvania, and the State Temperance Union would hold a conference at the Logan House, Altoona, on the 27th of July with a view toward consolidating the two bodies. The members of the Alliance were invited to attend.

Dr. Swift submitted a report relative to the action of the recent Grand Jury. He was requested to furnish the names of the witnesses who had testified before that body in the cases, where bills were ignored, which he promised to produce at the next meeting of the Alliance.

The matter of the action of the Grand Jury was discussed at some length, but no conclusion arrived at. After the transaction of some minor business, the meeting adjourned.


**Macaroons,** Cocoanut Drops and Lady Fingers, of superior quality and reasonable prices, for sale by many of the retail grocers


## BREVITIES.

**Paragraphic Pencillings of Passing Events.**

···Wood's rolling mill at McKeesport will start up this week.

···The fires in the Keystone Iron Works have been lighted again.

···A new passenger steamer is to be put in the Monongahela River trade.

···A large number of persons had their pockets picked at the circus last week.

···The new Pythian Hall, at Natrona, will be dedicated on Thursday evening.

···The Cincinnati Express stops at Cresson on Monday morning, and brings Pittsburgh business men into the city.

···The residence of Mr. Bryon, at Homestead, was struck by lightning on Sunday morning, which did considerable damage.

···The Sligo iron mill, on the South Side, just below the south end of the Smithfield street bridge, has stopped for repairs.

···Last Saturday the agent of the circus that exhibited in Allegheny had his vest stolen from the ticket wagon. It contained a watch valued at $450.

···The pretty town of Beaver seems to have struck a tidal wave of prosperity. Just now there are forty-seven new buildings in course of erection.

···The Regimental Board of the 14th regiment meets in Central Armory on Wednesday evening, to complete arrangements for their encampment at Monongahela City.

···Thieves were quite active in their operations at Wilkinsburg on Saturday morning. A number of residences were entered, but they secured very little for their trouble.

···Out of the sixteen hundred persons who are to have refunded their overpaid taxes under the two-third rate, about two hundred and fifty have called at the Treasurer's office and got their money.

···Those members of the G. A. R. who intend going to the State encampment at Corry, will meet this evening at 7 o'clock at the Grand Army Headquarters, No. 198 Penn avenue. They will leave at eight o'clock.

···A slight fire broke out in a house owned by Christ. Langbein, in Miltenberger alley, near Sixth avenue, yesterday morning about six o'clock. It was extinguished in a short time without the assistance of the Department.

···The New Orleans *Picayune*, of Friday says Captain James Rees, Jr., would leave that morning for the mouth of the river, and hoped that the visit might bring forth some news of the remains of his sister, Mrs. Musgrave.

···An inquest was held on the body of Philip Hanlon, who was injured by a Penn avenue street car at the Twenty-seventh street crossing, Saturday, from the effects of which he died in a short time. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

···A pair of Kentucky jeans pantaloons, a leather belt and a black felt hat, were found on the river bank, under the Pan Handle railroad bridge yesterday morning. The budget was taken to a Chestnut street boarding house to await identification.

···The Water Committee meets to-night to award a contract for the laying of eight hundred feet of pipe on Centre avenue, to connect with the reservoir on Herron's Hill. It is likely that the matter of the cracked castings will again come up for discussion.

···The contractor for the improvement of Soho street has been getting orders from one of the Commissioners; Mr. E. P. Jones, but the latter is receiving no pay for it. The stone is given to the contractor as compensation for the removal by him of a hump on Mr. Jones' property.

···Mr. Alfred Bolster, Meat Inspector of Allegheny, while riding along Branch street, on the North Side yesterday, was quite severely injured by having his buggy run into by a horse attached to an express wagon, which demolished Mr. Frexler's vehicle besides bruising him badly.

···Mention was made a few days ago of the loss of a watch by Mr. Dr. Smith, who lives on Mt. Washington. It was supposed to have been taken by a colored domestic who was employed in the house. The watch has been recovered by Lieut. Wilbert, who found it secreted under a carpet in a house in Mansfield.

···Simon and Frank Stoop, editors of the Freeport *Era* have been sued for libel by Constable John Stroops, of Freeport. The action is based upon the insinuation made in the paper that the prosecutor had violated his oath as constable by serving a writ for certain parties in Freeport. The defendants have given bail at Freeport to answer the charge at the Quarter Sessions of Armstrong county.

···Edward Koethen, John Allison, H. McKnight and Charley McKnight were on a skiff riding on Ohio river, at Mt. Sewickley, on Saturday, when a steamboat passed down the stream. The boys, thinking a ride on the waves of the water made by the steam-wheeler would be both novel and pleasant, made the trial, only to have their little bark upset, which resulted in their getting a thorough ducking.

···Two rifle teams have been organized on Mt. Washington. The Hiland is composed of Captain James Gray, William Goehring, C. W. McCord, Edward Osborne, Gus Measmer, Albert Good, John Good and Geo. Gooble. The second team is the Centennial, with the following organization: Captain, Charles Rea, Jr., Alex. A. Norton, H. D. Alexander, Frank Morton, and William Algeo.

···Extensive preparations are being made for the Reserve re-union, which is to be held at McKeesport on the 28th inst. A public dinner will be given, the meeting held a few days ago the following Finance Committee was appointed: W. P. Wampler, Officer Parshall, Andrew Robinson, W. Irwin and Captain Wilson. These gentlemen will call upon the citizens for contributions to pay the expenses of the dinner and also receive contributions of eatables, etc.

···It appears they have just commenced using the bell-punch on the Cincinnati passenger railways. The *Commercial* of that city says the sweet silver tone of the bell-punch is almost as much of a novelty as the metropolitan London, and when introduced there some time ago, and it scares, too. There are odd stories related of it in this respect. One is of a lady who mistook it for a new alarm clock, and wound it up and there, chaps from getting hold of it.

There is a rattling of tin-cups and pans, and dinner is announced. Outside the commissary's quarters a board table is placed, which is quickly surrounded by the Greys. The food is plain and substantial, and we live handsomely. The first course consists of pork, and pork grease (the latter taking the place of butter), rolls, baker's bread, coffee, cheese and pickles. The second course is the same, and the desert ditto. If you have any variety you must have it in your mind.

The camp consists of the following officers and companies:

Colonel Commanding, P. N. Guthrie.

Major, Hartley Howard.

Adjutant, John Cowly.

Company A, Duquesne Greys, Captain William Reed.

Company B, Duquesne Greys, Captain Lewis T. Brown.

Company C, Duquesne Greys, Captain G. L. Braun.

Company D, Duquesne Greys, Captain Dallas Williams.

Company E, Duquesne Greys, Captain William Steinmeyer.

Company F, Duquesne Greys and string band, Captain William Aull.

Company G, Duquesne Greys, Captain Denny McKnight.

Each of the above companies has about thirty-five men.

Knapps Battery, Captain J. D. McGill; First Lieutenant, W. R. Canham; Second Lieutenant, J. D. Walker, twenty-four men and two pieces.

Oil City Greys, Captain John A. Wiley, First Lieutenant Daniel Fisher, Second Lieutenant H. M. Choate, Orderly Sergeant J. R. Cowell; privates now in camp: C. W. Sass, Wilson Reynolds, J. Melville, C. A. Reynolds, A. Culbertson, E. Harris, R. H. McCance, W. Magee, G. Darr, G. Fry, H. Conuen, J. R. Miles, C. W. Curtis, F. H. Taylor, C. D. Hammond, L. McKim, W. Wadsworth, A. Steffee, J. C. Brenehold, J. S. Carle, P. Potts, J. McCutcheon; drum corps: E. Wheeler, J. Jacobs, W. Couch, L. Parker, J. Miles, J. Wareham, J. Blakely.

The Great Western Band, of twenty pieces, and the Duquesne Greys, of twenty-one members, with the above, compose all the camp. Several members of the Oil City Greys will arrive this morning to swell the numbers.

The boys are all in excellent spirits and determined to enjoy themselves. The weather has brightened since I began this article; the clouds are dispersing and siray sunbeams find their way to the camp, and then, giving promise of a brighter day to-morrow.

F. H. T.

## CRIME IN THE CITY.

**Petty Criminalities of Yesterday.**

There were a number of cases before the different Aldermen of the city yesterday, some of which, if true, will prove rather unpleasant to the defendants. Before Alderman McMasters, Michael Lipsic was charged with stealing beer by Ellen Price. The allegations of the plaintiff are that the defendant swore that he had loaned her certain articles of furniture, at a trial recently heard by Alderman Kreuter, when, in fact she had bought the articles in question. Lipsic was committed in default of bail, to await a hearing.

Before the same Magistrate Christ Wilbert was accused of committing an outrage on the daughter of Gottleib Oswald, who resides on Mt. Washington. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the defendant.

The Squire was also to give a matter attention in which H. H. Howard was charged with false pretenses by P. H. McKelvy. Mr. McKelvy says that the other day Howard came to him after bank hours and got him to go back to the bank on the Lawrence Savings Bank for twenty dollars, he assuring him (McKelvy) that he had a large sum of money on deposit there. This is denied, as the check was not cashed. A warrant was issued.

William Warner was committed yesterday by Deputy Mayor Schaffer, of the South Side, to await a hearing on a charge of felonious assault on the person of Lawrence Roche, whom he is accused of attacking with a knife.

Zadok Street, Superintendent of the Humane Society, made an information yesterday morning before Alderman Millen, against Leonard Altenbaugh, charging him with cruelty to animals in driving two bay mares, belonging to his employer, so fast that one of them died, and the other is seriously hurt. Warrant issued.


## TAKE CARE.

**A Word of Caution to the Allegheny Firemen in Slightest Degree.**

Large crowds of men, women and children gather in the different engine houses in Allegheny every evening at nine o'clock, and fill up all the space in the engine room except sufficient room to allow the horses to run to their stations on the striking of the gongs. After the gongs have struck, and the horses been returned to their stalls, the visitors all leave their places and walk over the engine room to examine the apparatus, and slowly walk out. This practice is very dangerous, as it may lead to serious results in case an alarm of fire should be sounded just either a few minutes before or after nine o'clock, the horses would of course at once rush to their places. If the room was crowded with people and children, the chances would be that some of them would be run over by the horses, as they could not be checked up, and the visitors would be so frightened, probably that they would scream, and so frighten the horses. As the crowds are generally so large, something should be done, either to keep the people outside the doors, or else require them to pass out as quickly as possible, after the horses have been returned to their stalls, before some accident occurs and compels the adoption of some measure to prevent its recurrence.


## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

**Deeds Filed for Record.**

The following transfers of real estate have been placed on file in the Recorder's office since our last report:

Sheriff's Poll Deed to Andrew Hershey, April 19, 1875; 28 acres and 49 perches in Shaler township. Price.....$500

Dr. B. L. Calhoun et ux. to Rev. James Kelso, June 18, 1875; lot in Penn township, on Lockhart's burg road. Consideration.....$1,000

Charles L. Walther et ux. to John Ficht, July 17, 1875; lot in Millvale borough, on the Butler plank road. Price.....$6,500

Same as above to G. H. Dreker, July 16, 1875, lot in Fourth ward, Allegheny, on Main street. Price.....$2,000

Frederick Bassman to William W. Knox et al., January 15, 1875; undivided two-thirds of a block of lots fronting on Manor street, South Side; also, undivided two-thirds of six lots on Marion and Denman streets, South Side. Price.....$25,000

Amanda K. Matthews et al. to William W. Knox, January 19, 1875; sixty-six lots in Lower St. Clair township, in "Knoxville" plan. Price.....$20,000

W. W. Knox et al. to Amanda K. Matthews, January 19, 1875; same as above. Price.....$20,000

Philip Diamond to Jacob M. Gaul, July 12, 1875; lot on Webster street, Allegheny. Price.....$2,000

Alexander English et ux. to Gottlieb Sooser, June 28, 1875; lot in Millvale borough, on Sherman street. Price.....$750

Elizabeth Jenkins to Michael McGuire, July 17, 1875; lot in Chartiers borough. Price.....$385

The First Universalist Church of Pittsburgh to Friend W. Jenkins, May 19, 1875; lot in Second ward, city, on Grant street. Price.....$10,000


**The Rev. G. W. Cranage,** a prominent Methodist clergyman, thus relates his experience:

PITTSBURGH, PA., September 8, 1873.

I had been suffering from Dysentery nearly all summer, and it seemed impossible to get any permanent relief, although I had been under the care of several eminent physicians. At the urgent solicitation of a friend, I was finally induced to try DR. HARRIS' SUMMER CORDIAL, but confess that I had but little faith in such a simple remedy, as I supposed it was intended more especially for children. To my surprise, the first dose gave immediate relief, and less than a bottle of the Cordial affected a permanent cure. *It is impossible to express my full appreciation of so valuable a medicine.*


## THE CHAUTAUQUA ASSEMBLY.

**The Prospective Gathering at Fair Point—A Few Items of Interest for Probable Visitors.**

Considerable interest is felt among Sunday School representatives in our community in reference to the approaching Assembly, to be held at Fair Point, Lake Chautauqua. It seems probable that Pittsburgh will be pretty fairly represented in the gathering, and judging from the many inquiries we have received, a few notes concerning the Assembly will be of especial interest just now.

The Assembly, as is pretty well known, will commence Tuesday, August 3, and will continue in session precisely two weeks. It will be Methodistic in its general management, but all Protestant denominations will be represented among those who take part publicly and privately in the exercises. It will be a grand Normal school for the instruction of pastors, superintendents, parents, and Sunday school teachers of all grades. Its programme will comprise Educational Lectures; Normal Class Exercises; Bible Readings; Praise Meetings; Vesper Services; Sunday-school Sessions; specimens of teaching in all grades of classes; Teachers' Meetings; Mothers' Meetings; Division Sessions; Drill Sessions; Missionary Concerts; Temperance Guild Meetings; Chalk Talks by famed Chalk-Talk Chiefs; Lake Concerts; Stereopticon Entertainments; a Competitive Examination; Sermons; Prayer-meetings, etc., etc. By a systematic division of the time, all the exercises receive due attention. The day's programme will be divided as follows: Six o'clock A. M., Morning Bells. 6:30, Morning prayers, (in five tents.) 7, Breakfast. 8-8:45, General service, (varying each morning.) a "Bible Service," a "Praise Service," an "Experience Meeting," a "Conversational Meeting." 8:50-10:50, Working Hours—First hour, *Division Sessions*; second hour, *Drill Sessions*. 11 o'clock, Public Service, (lecture or sermon.) 12:30 P. M. dinner. 2. Public service. 3:15. Public reports from the working hours. 6. Supper. 7:30. Vesper service with vesper bells. 8. Public service. 9:15. Evening entertainments, (Stereopticon, Lake Concert, Sociable.) 10. Night bells. The visitor can attend any or all of the services, just as inclination directs. The most practical work is accomplished in the *Division* and *Drill* sessions where the workers meet and discuss and put into practical effect the many theories advanced. There are four divisions—so divided for convenience—and each division is in charge of a prominent teacher. It will become a large class in which the best thoughts are brought out. The aim of the assembly is to entertain, instruct and inspire all who attend with fresh enthusiasm in the work.

The place at which it will be held is one of the loveliest spots on Lake Chautauqua. It is a very large grove running back in three terraces from the water. It is always shady, and a cool breeze from the Lake makes life pleasurable, even on the hottest day. There are cottages and tents on the ground sufficient to accomodate an immense concourse of people. With especial reference to the Sunday School Assembly there is the Park of Palestine giving a good idea of the topography of the Holy Land; a large model of Jerusalem; a sepulcher in the hill-side, with the stone rolled away from the entrance; Bethlehem, a very large model of the Jewish Tabernacle, covering over 3,000 square feet of surface; a museum of Biblical articles, &c., &c. Ample time will be given between the public services for an inspection of these aids to Bible study.

Then as to the attractions in respect to great men. There is a large list of "great guns" booked for the occasion, and many of the persons upon the programme have already signified to be in attendance. Among the prominent ones will be Dr. C. H. Fowler, of the Northwestern University; Dr. Hatfield, of Philadelphia; Dr. Vincent, of Plainfield; Dr. Deems, of New York; Frank Beard (a rival to Nast); Dr. Theodore Cuyler, of New York; Rev. Dr. J. D. Fulton, of Brooklyn, Ralph Wells, Dr. L. T. Townsend, Rev. J. M. Buckley, Dr. Ruben Nourjee, Dr. Eaton Conservatory of Music; Dr. Joseph Alden, and others. The array of talent is imposing, and whether for sermon, lecture or practical work, &c., the visitor will enjoy rare opportunities.

Lastly, but not least, as to expenses. Three good square meals, of plain but substantial well cooked food, can be had for one dollar per day; fares at the hotels will cost from $2 to $3 per day; but all can eat at the Dining Halls; even Dr. Vincent, the Conductor, is not exempt from this rule. Then as to lodgings. Lodging can be obtained in tents or cottages at prices ranging from fifty cents per night for single lodger. Double beds from sixty cents to one dollar. Tents, (with good floors,) may be rented at the following prices: 9x12 feet, five dollars per week; 12x17, six dollars and fifty cents per week; 16x24, (with partition,) ten dollars and fifty cents per week. Furniture to be rented.—Single cots, fifty cents a week. Double bedsteads, seventy-five cents a week. Chairs and tables at reasonable rates. It will thus be seen that the visitor may sojourn very comfortably at Fair Point for a dollar and a half a day. This of course does not include the dollar for Chautauqua, as that and other incidentals which are only limited by the inclinations and purse of the visitor. The visitor should remember to take towel, napkins, knife and fork, and a good thick shawl, as the supply of these may run out. Taken in connection with the fact of the natural attractiveness of the place, the good air and appetite superinduced by the balmiest of breezes, and lastly the feast of reason and flow of soul, which is provided—taken in connection with all these the assembly is a marvel of cheapness.

Visitors from Pittsburgh, of course, will go by the Allegheny Valley, and the trip up this romantic valley will amply repay the visitor for the journey. The road is in excellent condition and provides first-class accommodations for its patrons—clean, easy rolling cars, with all the modern appliances to insure safety and comfort. The excursion rates for $8.20 the round trip. The traveler can start in the morning and reach Mayville at night, and then a delightful cruise over the lake will land him at Fair Point, or he can start in the evening train, enjoy a night's rest in a Pullman, and drop off at Mayville next morning.

## CONFIDENCE BETRAYED.

**An Amateur Detective—He Gets a Job.**

Several months ago a man named James Johnston, who was a school teacher in Pittsburgh, closed his school for the summer months, and then got a lot of lumber, and rafted it down to Pittsburgh, where he sold it. He then expected to get work here, and remain until Autumn, when he would return and open his school again. When he got here he could get nothing to do, and finally accepted the position of driver on the Rebecca street car line, in Allegheny. About a month ago a man named Thomas Welsh obtained a similar position on the same road, and he roomed with Johnston. During the next few weeks Welsh borrowed money from Johnston, and from every person who would loan him any, and one night he slipped away, taking with him a lot of fine clothing, jewelry, and other articles belonging to Johnston. The latter at once proceeded to notify the police of the different cities of the affair, and yesterday he received a dispatch from the Chief of Police of Philadelphia that Welsh had been arrested there, and they would keep him until he arrived. Johnston at once proceeded to the Mayor's office, and was sworn in as a special policeman, and then made arrangements to go after Welsh. The drivers and conductors on the railway each gave one dollar to defray the expenses of the trip. Johnston left for Philadelphia last evening.


**SEMI-ANNUAL**

GREAT

**Closing Out Sale**

OF

SILKS AND DRY GOODS.

Hugus & Hacke announce that their half-yearly "closing sale" will commence on Tuesday, the 6th inst., and will continue during this month. Everything in the store has been marked down regardless of cost," and great bargains will be offered in

Silks,
Dress Goods,
Shawls,
Mourning Goods,
Flannels,
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**Helping to Hatch.**

The *Poultry Bulletin* has the following seasonable article on this subject: Can you render the chicken advantageous assistance during its hatching? Yes, most assuredly. The eggs of some varieties, particularly the Asiatics, are sometimes exceedingly difficult to be chelled, the shell "pips," and here the little bird breathes its last if help is not given. The fine membrane becomes glued to him and contracts, and it, with its downy covering, becomes, as it were, a coat of mail to crush out its life. Notice, and if the hatching chicken have an eye to your nest until the business is through, for sometimes assistance is appears as if epidemic. Many chicks go by the board in this way. Help should be rendered. So take a small-sized bodkin, and carefully thrusting its point a short distance under the membrane and shell, gently tear the first and crack the latter as you proceed around the circumference of the egg. If the shell is very dry, drop a few drops of tepid water at the point of pressure. Having taken off the shell, drop a few drops of warm water around the body of the chick, and put the egg, as it now stands, under the hen, the open side uppermost. Behind or under the fluff is the best situation. This done, the chick is, nine times out of ten, safe, and will hatch vigorously.—*Moore's Rural New Yorker.*

**Clipping Wings of Fowls.**

Clipping the wings of fowls to prevent their flying is a necessary operation sometimes, but never necessarily disfiguring. It generally is, however, since the farmer's shears almost always make a clean sweep of all the quills, and an ugly wing is the result. Besides the ugliness, there are also other disadvantages in such sweeping operation. A setting hen uses the outer end of her wing to retain the eggs under her in place, and those near the body protect the skin from being torn by her mate's claws. The proper way is to only trim the feathers partly off with a pair of scissors, except about one inch at the end. It shows but little when the wing is closed, and does not disfigure the fowl, and lets the wing through, so as to prevent flying. —*Farmers' Journal.*


BREAKFAST, LUNCHEON AND TEA. By Marion Harland, author of "Common Sense in the Household." Published by Scribner, Armstrong & Co., New York, and for sale in Pittsburgh by R. S. Davis & Co.

This is the second volume of the "Common Sense" series. It contains a large number of recipes, which the practical housewife will find valuable, as they have all been tried, and are endorsed by the author or her friends.


## THE MAGAZINES.

**Scribner.**

Scribner, for August, is even more entertaining than usual. The publishers call attention to the series of articles by Col. Waring, now being published in that magazine, under the title of "A Farmer's Vacation." These papers are claimed to be among the most amusing as well as practically valuable illustrated articles which have appeared for some time past. Col. Waring is well known as an engineer and a farmer, as well as a graceful and entertaining writer. "A Middy in Manila" is a rollicking little illustrated sketch, which reads very like a familiar letter to some old "chum" at home. Albert Rhodes's paper, "Along the Seine," is timely through its summer quality. George W. Cable, of New Orleans, has a story entitled "Madame Delicieuse," which is thought by some to be his best work. Dr. Holland, in this number of "Sevenoaks," celebrates a wedding in that neighborhood. Then there is a solid essay by G. P. Magoun, on "Education and Free Thought," also "A Word of Encouragement for Timid Linguists," "The Stone Period of the Antilles," (containing some matters not hitherto made public), "An Englewood Mystery," "How to Treat the Indians," by an Indian Agent; and illustrated paper on "Ice," more of "The Mysterious Island," and verses by poets of note, and poets not of note. In the "Topics of the Time," by Dr. J. G. Holland, "The Old Cabinet," "Home and Society," "Brie-a-Brac," "The World's Work," etc., the usual variety is maintained.

ST. NICHOLAS.

The August number of *St. Nicholas* wears the jolly face which the good Saint, whose name it bears, put on during the holidays. This month it brings a series of excellent contributions, suggestive of mountain and sea breezes, among which we may enumerate "The Cruise of the Crusoe," an interesting paper on "Umbrellas," "A Gunpowder Plot," &c. Rose Terry Cooke gives us a lively controversy in rhyme between two chickens on that familiar subject—always a fruitful source of consolation—the origin of the species. Besides all this, there are stories by Lucretia C. Weeks and Emily Huntington Miller, a paper on the collection and preservation of "sea weeds;" a description of "A Boarding School in 1570;" and a delightful story for girls, "The Pine Stick Doll," with its beautiful illustration—the frontispiece of the number—drawn by Miss Jessie Curtis.

"Jack-in-the-Pulpit," with his pictograms and conundrums, is still as wise and witty as ever; and worthy of notice also is a bright little jingle called "Hans, the Small Esquimaux," with its picture, in which the iceberg is as refreshing to us as the Polar Bear is as terrifying to the little fur-clad northerner.

LIPPINCOTT.

Lippincott, for August, is a most admirable number. It opens with a well-written and illustrated article, by Lucy Buckland, describing two weeks' experience in the "Carlist Country" during the recent Spanish wars. W. L. D. O'Grady contributes a very enjoyable illustrated paper, call "Quaint Craft," in which he tells of great varieties of small sailing craft, and the several styles of gearing and sailing them. "Why the Garrison got a Bad Servant," is a short story remarkably well told by the author of "Blindpits." "Scenes in the Wood," a poem, by Emma Lazarus, is quite remarkable for the vividness and beauty of its word painting. "The Modern Constitutions of France," by E. C. Grenville Murray, is a very able paper, giving much valuable information in short space, and in an attractive style. "Frau Sommer's Pleasure Trip," by Elizabeth E. Evans, is an odd but pleasant story of German domestic life and adventure. William E. Griffis contributes a paper full of curious information about the ways of a Japanese Daimio. "The Vigilants' Mistake," by John Thornbury, describes in a free and pleasant manner the ways and adventures of Western frontier life, and tells how, in a certain instance, the wrong man got arrested, how he was treated, and how he got out of it. There is a short paper on "Maine de Biran," the French philosopher. Then a pleasant country sketch called "Satyrs and Sylvan Boys," by Mary Dean. The second and concluding part of "An Artist's Love," by Francis Asheton," is given. T. Adolphus Trollope contributes an article on Italian jewelry.

**NEW PUBLICATIONS.**

THE GREEN GATE, a Romance. By Ernst Wichert. Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia, and for sale in Pittsburgh by J. R. Weldin & Co.

This is a German love story which deals with the fortunes of old patrician families and merchant princes, their rivalries and clashings, and the shadows which crossed their roads. The chief families mentioned are intermingled by ties of marriage and plots of love—the tangled skein being prettily unravelled at the close. It is a book written with considerable power, and a fair portraiture of the inner domestic life o Germany.

A NORSEMAN'S PILGRIMAGE. By Hjalmar Hjorth Boyesen, author of Gunnar. Published by Sheldon & C., New York. For sale in Pittsburgh by J. R. Weldin & Co.

This is a gracefully told story of travels in Norway and the training of an American wife by a Norseman. It gives pretty glimpses of home life, manners and customs and scenery in Norway, all pleasantly intermingled with the adventures of the twain, who eventually became connubial partners. It is very readable and the style is admirably clear and transparent.


BREAKFAST, LUNCHEON AND TEA. By Marion Harland, author of "Common Sense in the Household." Published by Scribner, Armstrong & Co., New York, and for sale in Pittsburgh by R. S. Davis & Co.


## DIED.

McKEE—On Monday evening, July 19th, LIZZIE C., second daughter of George McKee, in the 17th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her father, 37th street, below Butler, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 2½ o'clock.

DONOGHUE—On Sunday morning, July 18th, MARGARET DONOGHUE, wife of Dan. Donoghue, Jr., aged 23 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, Sharpsburg, THIS MORNING, at 9 o'clock, to proceed to St. Peter's Church.

HAYS—Suddenly, on Saturday evening, July 17, of rheumatism of the heart, THOMAS HAYS, in his 61st year.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 108 Avery street, Allegheny, TO-DAY, at 4 P. M.


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